	1
1	IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
2	CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO
3	DIANE M. CARRICK, EXECUTRIX, etc.,
4	Plaintiff,
5	-vs- JUDGE J. KILCOYNE CASE NO. 185330
6	THE CLEVELAND CLINIC
7	FOUNDATION, et al.,
8	Defendants.
9	
10	Deposition of <u>NAZIH M. ZEIN, M.D.</u> , taken as if
11	upon cross-examination before Aneta I. Fine, a
12	Registered Professional Reporter and Notary
13	Public within and for the State of Ohio, at the
14	offices of Nazih M. Zein, M.D., 14601 Detroit
15	Avenue, Suite 590, Lakewood, Ohio, at 4:00 p.m.
16	on Friday, March 15, 1991, pursuant to notice
17	and/or stipulations of counsel, on behalf of the
18	Plaintiff in this cause.
19	
20	MEHLER & HAGESTROM
21	Court Reporters 1750 Midland Building
22	Cleveland, Ohio 44115 216.621.4984
23	FAX 621.0050 800.822.0650
24	
25	

1

800-626-6313

a

		2
1	APPEARANCES:	
2	Christopher M. Mellino, Esq.	
3	Charles I. Kampinski Co., L.P.A. 1530 Standard Building Cleveland, Ohio 44113	
4	(216) 781 - 4110,	
5	On behalf of the Plaintiff;	
6	George Gore, Esq. Arter & Hadden	
7	1100 Huntington Building Cleveland, Ohio 44115	
8	(216) 696 - 1100,	
9	On behalf of the Defendant The Cleveland Clinic Foundation;	
10	Douglas K. Fifner, Esq.	
11	Reminger & Reminger Seventh Floor - 113 St. Clair Building	
12	Cleveland, Ohio 44114 (216) 687-1311,	
13	On behalf of the Defendants	
14	Robert P. Riley, M.D. and Nazih M. M.D.;	Zein,
15	Deirdre Henry, Esq.	
16	Weston, Hurd, Fallon, Paisley & Howley 2500 Terminal Tower	
17	Cleveland, Ohio 44113 (216) 241-6602,	
18		
19	On behalf of the Defendant Lakewood Hospital.	
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
2 5		

АЗЯ́№ REPORTERS (A P № & MFG. CO. 800-626-6313

		3
1		NAZIH M. ZEIN, M.D., of lawful age,
2		called by the Plaintiff for the purpose of
3		cross-examination, as provided by the Rules of
4		Civil Procedure, being by me first duly sworn,
5		as hereinafter certified, deposed and said as
6		follows:
7		CROSS-EXAMINATION OF NAZIH M. ZEIN, M.D.
8		BY MR. MELLINO:
9	Q.	Would you state your full name, please?
10	Α.	Nazih Mohammad Bahaeddin Zein.
11	Q.	And where do you live, Dr. Zein?
12	Α.	17715 Edgewater Drive, Lakewood, Ohio.
13	Q.	Okay. And what is the business address of where
14		we are now?
15	Α.	14601 Detroit.
16	Q.	Okay. And that's in Lakewood also?
17	Α.	Lakewood.
18	Q.	And you just handed me your CV which you said
19		you would send me a copy of it after the
20		deposition. I have your only copy in my hand
2 1		and I'm just going to ask you questions off it.
22		If you need to see it to answer one of the
23		questions just let me know. We'll try and both
24		look at it at the same time.
25		You were born in Syria?

р ШЕВ МОС СО. В 0-626-6313

til SO

		4
1	Α.	Yes.
2	Q, •	And you went to?
3	Α.	College de Terre Sainte. This is like high
4		school.
5	Q.	Okay. And where is that?
6	Α.	Lattakia, Syria.
7	Q.	And I'm sorry, you said that was like high
8		s c h o o l ?
9	Α.	Yes. Yes.
10	Q.	And then the next school, you graduated from
11		there in 1966?
12	Α.	Damascus University College of Science.
13	Q .	And that's like college?
14	Α.	Well, it is pre-med.
15	Q.	Okay. How many years is that?
16	Α.	One year.
17	Q .	Okay. How many years was the, what was it, it
18		says college in your CV.
19		MR. GORE: You're chicken. Come
20		on, pronounce it.
21	Α.	This is I went I guess about ten years to
22		that college. It is called college but it's
23		high school.
24	Q.	Pronounce this for me again.
25	Α.	College de Terre Sainte.

		5
1	Q.	And you went there ten years?
2	Α.	About ten years, yes.
3	Q.	And graduated in 1966?
4	Α.	Yes.
5	Q.	Okay. So you would have been, let's see how
6		good my math is, 18 when you would have
7		graduated?
8	Α.	Yes.
9	Q.	And then you went one year to Damascus
10		University?
11	Α.	College of Science.
12	Q.	Right. And then you went to the Damascus
13		University School of medicine for six years?
14	Α.	Six and a half years, yes.
15	Q.	Okay. Graduated in '73?
16	Α.	Yes.
17	Q.	And did you get an M.D. degree from that
18		university?
19	A.	Yes.
20	Q.	When did you come to this country?
21	Α.	July '73.
22	Q.	Okay. To do a rotating internship at Lutheran
23		Medical Center?
24	Α.	Yes.
25	Q.	Okay, Did you have to take some sort of

ſ		6
1		examination or well, did you have to take
2		some sort of examination to practice medicine in
3		this country?
4	Α.	Yes.
5	Q.	Okay. Where did you take that?
6	Α.	In Columbus.
7	Q.	Ohio?
8	Α.	Yes.
9	Q.	Okay. When did you take that?
10	A.	It is here, 1977.
11	Q.	Okay. That's?
12	A.	February '77.
13	Q.	State licensure?
14	A.	Yes.
15	Q.	That's just to get your license to practice
16		medicine in the State of Ohio?
17	Α.	Yes.
18	Q.	What is the
19	Α.	This is ECFMG examination. ${f I}$ took it in
20		American University in Beirut to be able to
21		apply to hospitals here in this country.
22	Q.	Okay. In 1972?
23	A.	Yes.
24	Q.	That was the only time you took it?
25	Α.	Yes.

p MFG. CO. FORM CSR - LASER REPORTERS

		7
1	Q.	Okay. All right. And in passing the ECFMG
2		enable you to come to this country and to do a
3		rotating internship at Lutheran Medical Center?
4	Α.	Yes.
5	Q.	And that was just a general internship?
6	Α.	Well, the first year it is called rotating but ${\tt I}$
7		did a straight medicine. They did not have a
8		program called the straight medicine but they
9		called it major medicine so ${\tt I}$ rotated 12 months
10		in medicine.
11	Q.	Okay. When you say medicine, you mean
12	Α.	Internal medicine.
13	Q.	Okay.
14	Α.	Yes.
15	Q.	And then you did a three-year residency at
16		Lutheran Medical Center?
17	Α.	Yes.
18	Q.	Okay. So you did four years total of medicine
19		at Lutheran
20	Α.	Yes.
21	Q.	Medical. All right. I guess I didn't
22		understand what you were telling me about your
23		internship. Did you ever rotate in those four
24		years through other departments?
25	Α.	Like what?

CO. 800-626-6313

		8
1	Q.	Well
2	Α.	Surgery?
3	Q.	Right.
4	Α.	No.
5	Q.	Okay. Just straight medicine all four years?
6	Α.	Yes.
7	Q.	Okay. And then what did you do, what further
8		training did you undergo?
9	Α.	Two years in rheumatology at the Cleveland
10		Metropolitan General Hospital.
11	Q.	Okay. Your three year internship I guess we
12		didn't cover this.
13	Α.	One year internship.
14	Q.	Three years residency was combined with
15		Cleveland Metropolitan General Hospital?
16	Α.	Yes.
17	Q.	Okay. I didn't go over this when we started,
18		but you have to wait till ${\tt I}$ finish asking the
19		question before you answer it otherwise the
20		record's not going to be clear, okay? Your
2 1		answer is going to be interposed in the middle
22	The local data of the first of	of my question and it might not be clear what ${\tt I}$
23		asked and what you answered.
24	А.	Okay.
2 5	Q.	Also if you don't understand any question that ${\tt I}$

	un ang Palantakan karang kang kang kang kang kang kang kang k	9
1		might ask you during the course of this
2		deposition, just ask me to repeat it and
3		rephrase it and ${\tt I}$ will be happy to do so, okay,
4		and then any question that ${f I}$ ask you you have to
5		answer verbally, okay?
6	A.	Okay. I didn't realize that I interrupted you.
7		I'm sorry.
8	Q.	That's all right. Okay. Then you did a two
9		year fellowship at Cleveland Metropolitan
10		General Hospital in rheumatology?
11	Α.	Yes.
12	Q.	Okay. All right. Before we went on the record,
13		you told me that you no longer have privileges
14		at Lutheran Medical Center?
15	Α.	That's correct.
16	Q.	Okay. And you have associate privileges at
17	SALAAT DAAR YA KA SA	Fairview General Hospital?
18	Α.	I reduced it to courtesy privilege.
19	Q.	Okay. What are courtesy privileges?
20	A.	That is category below associate.
21	Q.	What does it allow you to do?
22	Α.	Allows me to admit patients and see
23		consultations but I don't have to go to meetings
24		and so on unless I want to.
25	Q.	Okay. Do you currently admit patients at

		1 0
1		Fairview Hospital?
2	A.	I do, rarely.
3	Q.	And you have active privileges at Lakewood
4		Hospital?
5	Α.	Yes.
6	Q.	And you are the chief of rheumatology there?
7	Α.	Yes.
8	Q.	How many rheumatologists are on the staff of
9		Lakewood Hospital?
10	Α.	There's currently another one.
11	Q.	Okay. What is his or her name?
12	Α.	Carlos Vevallos.
13	Q.	Could you spell his last name?
14	Α.	VEVALLOS.
15	Q.	Okay. And do you have any other publications
16		besides the two that are listed on your CV?
17	Α.	No.
18	Q.	Okay. What is the specialty of rheumatology?
19	Α.	Rheumatology is the specialty which deals with
20		problems related to arthritis and to connective
2 1		tissue diseases.
22	Q.	And what are connective tissues?
23	Α.	Connective tissue is diseases also related to
24		the joints and to certain other areas like
2 5		muscle and certain skin diseases. Connective

FORM CSR - LASER REPORTERS PAPER & MFG. CO. 800-626-6313

L

		11
1		tissues are tissues which are under the skin and
2		in the joints, in the muscle. It is kind of
3		really a vague term but it applies to certain
4		kind of diseases we're dealing with.
5	Q.	What I'd like to do is go over the consult note
6		that you wrote in the Lakewood Hospital chart
7		that's dated March 20th of 1989. I said March
8		20th. It was March 21st. Do you have that in
9		front of you?
10	Α.	Yes.
11	Q.	Okay. Is this the first time that you saw
12		Mr. Carrick?
13	Α.	Yes.
14	Q.	Okay. I had a hard time reading your writing so
15		what I'd like you to do is just read the note
16		for me.
17	Α.	Okay.
18		MR. FIFNER: Wait. Before you
19		start. Do you want him to just read it through
20		or sentence by sentence so you can ask him
21		questions as he goes through?
22		MR. MELLINO: Well, I want him to
23		start reading through it but I am not going to
24		necessarily ask a question but I might stop him
25		and ask a question.

CSR ★S≅R REPORTERS & MFG. CO. 800-62-6313

ſ

MR. FIFNER: I understand. 1 40-year-old white male at age 25 had acute 2 Α. attack of arthritis in one of his ankles. 3 Was found to have elevated uric acid. 4 Recurrent attacks since then, treated with Indocin and 5 prophylactic Colchicine one a day. Joints 6 7 involved, knees, ankles and wrists. In between attacks stiffness and achiness, mostly in legs. 8 9 A month ago, right shoulder pain, then left then right knee. No response to Indocin nor to 10 11 high dose of prednisone. Progressive renal 12 failure with one partially functioning or 13 nonfunctioning kidney. Parentheses, (creatinine 14 stable, around 5). Hypertensive. No kidney 15 stones. 16 Admission workup March 20th, '89. 17 Hemoglobin, 9.7. BUN, 174. Creatinine, 8.5. Alkaline phosphatase, 437. CPK, 1,612. 18 Uric acid, 11.9. Urine, one plus protein. No 19 history of recent fall. No history of 20 21 urethritis, conjunctivitis, colitis. Let's just stop since we have come to the end of 22 Q. 23 that page. How did you come to see Mr. 24 Carrick? How was it that you saw him? 25 Dr. Riley asked me to see him. Α.

Evenue and the event of the eve		13
1	Q.	Was it verbal, his request that you see him?
2	Α.,	I don't recall if he called himself or he wrote
3		order in the chart and the nurse called me, I
4		really don't recall.
5	Q.	Did you talk to him at all before the consult?
6	Α.	I don't recall exactly if I did but I have the
7		feeling that he did tell me that creatinine was
8		stable around 5. I believe this is information
9		from Riley.
10	Q.	From Riley?
11	A.	I am not really sure if it was from the chart or
12		from him.
13	Q.	Okay.
14	Α.	Just there might have been contact but I can't
15		swear on it.
16	Q.	All right. Keeping that in mind, that you're
17		not sure about that particular thing, was it
18		fair to say that other than that you didn't have
19		any other information about the patient before
20		you saw him?
2 1	A.	These are the only information I had about the
22		patient.
23	Q.	When did you write this note?
24	Α.	The day I saw the patient.
25	Q.	Okay. So my question was before you saw him,

		14
1		did you have any other information about him?
2	Α.	No, unless Dr. Riley talked to me in person and
3		gave me part of the story, that is, I mean it
4		happened within that day, if I had any other
5		information.
6	Q.	Riley would have talked to you on the 21st?
7	Α.	He could have called me and told me that ${f 1}$ want
8		you to see this patient because I think he has
9		gout, and I mean, this ${f I}$ can't tell you now with
10		any certainty, but ${f I}$ did not know anything about
11		this patient before that like a day before, two
12		days before, three days before this.
13	Q.	Okay. Just so we're clear, if you talked to
14		Riley, it would have been on the 21st?
15	A.	21st or maybe the day before, could be, but I
16		cannot swear on it.
17	Q.	And you don't remember any specific conversation
18		that you had with Riley?
19	Α.	No, I really don't.
20	Q.	Okay. And as far as the information that's
21		contained in at least the first page of your
22		note that would have come from the chart, from
23		Riley, anyplace else?
24	A.	The patient.
25	Q.	Okay. And as you sit here today, you can't tell

FORM CSR · ▲ S≷R REPORTERS PAPER & MFG. B 8 13

		1 5
1		me, you know, what information came from what
2		source?
3	Α.	At this point I can't tell you.
4	Q.	Okay. Was Mr. Carrick on Indocin when you saw
5		him?
6	Α.	I don't recall really.
7	Q.	Okay. Because your note says no response to
8		Indocin. But you don't know if he was on
9		Indocin or not?
10	Α.	At that particular time, no, ${f I}$ am not sure.
11	Q.	Okay. All right. Could you read the second
12		page for me?
13	Α.	Objective, tenderness shoulders, right knee,
14		right ankle. Subcutaneous nodules, left elbow.
15		No definite joint effusion. No definite
16		proximal weakness.
17		Impression, number one, the history is very
18		suggestive of gout. The subcutaneous nodules,
19		left elbow are probably tophi. Number two, the
20		current joint pain, mainly shoulders, is
21		probably unrelated to gout. It may represent a
22		form of arthritis and periarthritis described in
23		patients with a chronic renal failure. Number
24		three, elevated CPK. Rule out myopathy.
25		Plan, x-ray shoulders, left elbow,

FORM CSR - LASER REPORTERS PAPER & MFG. 800-626-6 13

-

		1 6
1		question, calcifications. Number two, follow-up
2		on muscle enzymes and alkaline phosphatase.
3		Number three, will consider local injections.
4		Thank you. Will follow.
5	Q.	Okay. Under your impression the first
6		paragraph, the history is very suggestive of
7		gout, subcutaneous nodules, left elbow are
8		probably, what is that word?
9	Α.	Tophi. T O P H I. Tophi.
10	Q.	Will you spell that?
11	Α.	ТОРНІ,
12	Q.	What does that mean?
13	A.	Accumulation of uric acid in the subcutaneous
14		tissues to form nodules.
15	Q.	Why did Dr. Riley ask you to see the patient?
16	Α.	It was listed here, these are for consultation,
17		severe gout.
18	Q.	Do you know how long the patient had had gout?
19	Α.	He was he had first attack at age 25 which
20		sounded like gout so I presumed he has, he had
21		had it for 15 years.
22	Q.	And to your knowledge had Dr. Riley been
23		treating him for the gout for that period of
24		time?
25	Α.	${\tt I}$ don't have access to all his records, or to

LAS≤ № REPORTERS PAPER & MFG. CO. 800-626-6313 FOpM ſ

		17
1		any of his previous records so I am not sure for
2		how long he has been treating him. I know that
3		he has been treating him for a period or he had
4		been treating him for a period of time but I'm
5		not sure if it was 15 years or not.
6	Q.	Okay. And I take it since he had asked you to
7	Υ.	do a consult that gout is something that a
8		rheumatologist would treat?
	•	
9	Α.	Yes.
10	Q.	Okay. Is that something that a nephrologist
11		treats also?
12	Α.	Yes.
13	Q.	What is the treatment for gout?
14	Α.	It depends on the circumstances.
15	Q.	Well, what are the different circumstances?
16	Α.	Well, in certain situations we only treat the
17		acute attack and we wait if patient will develop
18		another attack or not so the treatment could be
19		limited to only few days. In another
20		circumstances we decide on a prophylactic
21		treatment, and that prophylactic treatment could
2 2		be with one medicine to prevent the attack or
23		more than one medicine. One may consider adding
24		medicine to lower uric acid level.
2 5	Q.	Is that it?

		18
1	A.	Well, these are really the basic minimums for
2		treating gout.
3	Q.	Okay. Under what circumstances would you treat
4		gout prophylactically?
5	Α.	If there are recurrent gouty attacks I would
6		definitely in that case use a prophylactic
7		treatment.
8	Q.	And what medications specifically would you use
9		to treat it prophylactically?
10	Α.	Colchicine to prevent the acute gouty attacks
11		and it depends on the circumstances, ${\tt I}$ may use
12		also medicine to lower uric acid level.
13	Q.	And what would the circumstances be that you
14		would use those?
15	Α.	I would recommend using them in younger patients
16		below age 65, usually, I do recommend using
17		medicine to lower uric acid level if the uric
18		acid level is significantly elevated or if there
19		are tophi or if there is history of kidney
20		stone. Above age 65 I may be more conservative
2 1		as far as using Allopurinol or Probenecid,
22		another medicine to lower uric acid. Again, I
23		would have to base it on the circumstances.
24	Q.	What is the significantly elevated uric acid?
25	Α,	Well, it varies really from lab to lab a little

	[1
		19	
1		bit, but usually above 8 or 9 in most labs, that	
2		will be considered elevated uric acid.	
3	Q.	Okay. And what medication would you give to	
4		lower the uric acid?	
5	А.	I use one of two medications, one of them is	
6		Allopurinol, the other medicine is Probenecid.	
7		I tend to use Allopurinol rather more than	
8		Probenecid.	
9	Q.	Could you spell the second one for me?	
10	А.	PROBENECID.	
11	Q.	Okay. And what medication would you use to	
12		treat acute attacks?	
13	Α.	Again, we have a choice. The most likely	and the second
14		medicine I use is Indocin.	
15	Q.	What are some of the others you could use?	
16	Α.	Another group of medication which Indocin is one	
17		of them is called nonsteroidal antiinflammatory	
18		medications and there are several of them in the	
19		market. I occasionally may use Colchicine	Darwa Militard Alarta Council Milita
20		intravenously or orally and occasionally I may	No. of Concession, Name
2 1		use ACTH injection, and occasionally ${\tt I}$ may	-
22		inject the joint with a steroid.	ADDRESS OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF
23	Q.	Okay.	
24	A.	These are the usual choices. In certain	-
25		patients I may use systemic steroids, in	
	1		

PAPER & MFG. CO. 800-626-6313

		2 0
1		patients who tend to be reluctant to other
2		medications, or if there are contraindications
3		with something like this, or something like
4		this.
5	Q.	What medications would you use in patients that
6		have renal failure?
7	A.	In patients with renal failure I would
8		MR. GORE: Can I object for
9		clarification? Do you mean patients just with
10		renal failure or with renal failure and gout?
11		MR. FIFNER: I assumed it was both.
12		MR. MELLINO: He wouldn't be
13		treating gout if they didn't have gout and
14		renal failure.
15		MR. FIFNER: Just for
16		clarification
17		MR. GORE: With both.
18		MR. FIFNER: What would you use in
19		a patient that had gout and renal failure?
20	Q.	To treat gout?
21	A.	${\tt My}$ inclination nowadays is to use either ACTH or
2 2		intra-articular injections if possible.
23	Q.	Or intra what?
24	Α.	Intra-articular injections, injecting the
25		joints.

ERS AL Ω 2 & 300 626-6313

		2 1	
1	Q.	When you say nowadays, has that changed	
2		recently?	
3	Α.	Yes, it did change to some extent. I used to	
4		use more nonsteroidal antiinflammatory	
5		medications including Indocin, and considering	
6		the different circumstances ${\tt I}$ may still consider	and the second se
7		using them but ${f I}$ do use them less than I used to	
8		before.	
9	Q.	When did you change?	
10	Α.	Well, in the last few years, there has been more	
11		awareness of possible toxic effect of these	
12		medications on the kidneys. I cannot tell you	
13		exactly for how many years but basically	
14		gradually there has been kind of a little bit	
15		more at least in trend at least in my practice	
16		to use them less if there is alternative.	
17	Q.	Okay. Has that been well, can you give me a	
18		time frame as to when this came about?	
19	Α.	To be honest with you, I honestly cannot tell	
20		you now any kind of accurate time frame.	
21	Q.	Has it been more?	
22	Α.	Two years I would have acted different from the	
23		way ${f I}$ act today and certainly four years ago it	
24		was a little bit different. I can't tell you	
25		exactly time, really.	
			A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL

800-626-6313

৵

CSR

		22
1	Q.	Well, how did you learn about, or how did you
2		become aware of the problem with nonsteroidal
3		antiinflammatory agents?
4	Α.	Different studies indicated that they could have
5		some kind of adverse effect in some patients on
6		the kidney, and one of the articles, in fact,
7		was within the last year, I recall about Motrin,
8		an over-the-counter drug which was shown to have
9		some adverse effect on the kidney, so basically
10		the more we read about it, the more we are
11		inclined really to use them less basically, if
12		possible.
13	Q.	What about Indocin specifically, I mean how long
14		have you been aware that that is a toxin to the
15		kidney?
16		MR, FIFNER: Objection to the
17	14 IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	form. Go ahead.
18	Α.	When I am talking about Motrin and other
19		nonsteroidal antiinflammatory medications I
20		include Indocin. I don't think Indocin is any
21		different so I am talking about the last several
22		years without really being able to pinpoint to
23		any particular time. It did not happen that one
24		day ${\tt I}$ decided that Indocin and Motrin and this
25		group of medication cannot be used. It was kind

0 8 Cor Luser Reporters and the Amo

		23
1		of a trend, really to use them less, and to use
2		certain agents more, For example, ACTH was not
3		at all popular for treating gout several years
4		ago. Now there are certain articles which I
5		believe published within the last couple of
6		years maybe indicated that it is as effective,
7		so I tend to use it more.
8	Q.	All right. With the body of medical knowledge
9		as it exists today, is it inappropriate to use
10		or to prescribe Indocin to a patient that has
11		gout and renal failure?
12		MR. FIFNER: Objection. Go ahead.
13	A.	Well, I really would not consider the word
13 14	A.	Well, I really would not consider the word inappropriate. I would say that medicine like
	A.	
14	Α.	inappropriate. I would say that medicine like
14 15	Α.	inappropriate. I would say that medicine like Indocin is not invariably going to cause trouble
14 15 16	Α.	inappropriate. I would say that medicine like Indocin is not invariably going to cause trouble to the kidney. We are talking about maybe small
14 15 16 17	Α.	inappropriate. I would say that medicine like Indocin is not invariably going to cause trouble to the kidney. We are talking about maybe small percentage of patients who are running really to
14 15 16 17 18	Α.	inappropriate. I would say that medicine like Indocin is not invariably going to cause trouble to the kidney. We are talking about maybe small percentage of patients who are running really to problem from using Indocin and this group of
14 15 16 17 18 19	Α.	inappropriate. I would say that medicine like Indocin is not invariably going to cause trouble to the kidney. We are talking about maybe small percentage of patients who are running really to problem from using Indocin and this group of medications, so it depends on the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	A. Q.	inappropriate. I would say that medicine like Indocin is not invariably going to cause trouble to the kidney. We are talking about maybe small percentage of patients who are running really to problem from using Indocin and this group of medications, so it depends on the circumstances. One may use it really in patients with renal failure.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21		inappropriate. I would say that medicine like Indocin is not invariably going to cause trouble to the kidney. We are talking about maybe small percentage of patients who are running really to problem from using Indocin and this group of medications, so it depends on the circumstances. One may use it really in patients with renal failure.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22		<pre>inappropriate. I would say that medicine like Indocin is not invariably going to cause trouble to the kidney. We are talking about maybe small percentage of patients who are running really to problem from using Indocin and this group of medications, so it depends on the circumstances. One may use it really in patients with renal failure. Okay. But if you do use it you'd have to</pre>

REPORTERS PAPER & MFG. CO. 813

		24
1		particular when I have to use it ${\tt I}$ would tend to
2		monitor the kidney function.
3	Q.	What about in '89?
4	Α.	I can't really tell you exactly how was my
5		practice two years ago or three years ago, but I
6		know that ${\tt I}$ was not as strict in monitoring this
7		problem as now. There's just much more
8		awareness now of this problem as a potential
9		problem, and I know now that I tend to do that
10		more, much more. 1989 in particular, I can't
11		tell you. I really can't, honestly. I can't
12		swear on it that this change or this happened in
13		this particular month or year.
14	Q.	Can you cite to me any particular articles that
15		you read that would have brought about this
16		change in your thinking?
17	А.	No, I can't.
18	Q.	Okay.
19	A.	I can't.
20	Q.	Well, could you tell me generally what
2 1		periodicals they would be in?
22	A.	The article about Motrin, Ibuprofen was, I
23		believe, within a year in Annals of Internal
24		Medicine. I think it was within a year. As far
25		as previous articles, I just cannot tell you now

		25
1		which medicals are now published.
2	Qʻ.	What journals do you subscribe to?
3	Α.	${\tt I}$ review many journals in the library. ${\tt I}$ used
4		to subscribe to many journals but nowadays I
5		subscribe mostly to arthritis related journal,
6		Arthritis and Rheumatism and Clinics on
7		Rheumatic Diseases. I review several other
8		journals in the library, Lancet, a British
9		medical journal, Annals on Rheumatic Diseases,
10		Annals on Internal Medicine, New England Journal
11		of Medicine.
12	Q.	But you can't cite for me any specific journals
13		that these articles appeared in?
14	Α.	At this point I can't, no.
15	Q.	Did you talk to Dr. Riley after your consult?
16	Α.	I would think I did. Now, I can't be positive
17		when did ${\tt I}$ talk to him and what did ${\tt I}$ tell him
18		and what I did not tell him for sure I didn't
19		talk to him.
20	Q.	What is the significance of the elevated CPK?
21	Α.	Well, it was not very clear to me at that point
22		what really its significance was. CPK could
23		come from the muscle as a general rule and it
24		could come from the heart, during heart
25		attacks. For one reason or another, I don't

FORM CSR LAGED REPORTERS P. ED M& 60 626-6313

		2 6
1		believe there was any reason to suspect heart
2		attack in that patient so we presume it was
3		coming from the muscle.
4	Q.	Okay. So you
5	Α.	One condition I suspected was polymyositis. I
6		mean that is one of the common causes of
7		elevated CPK.
8	Q.	And what is polymyositis?
9	Α.	Polymyositis is one of these connective tissue
10		diseases I talked about which involve mainly the
11		muscle, the proximal muscle and result in
12		inflammation in the muscles as well as some
13		damage to the muscle tissue and some
14		regeneration of the muscle tissue cause muscle
15		weakness mostly and sometimes could cause some
16		other manifestations as well.
17	Q.	Okay. Whose idea was it to have Mr. Carrick
18		undergo the muscle biopsy?
19	A.	That was my idea.
20	Q.	Okay. And did you see him again before the
21		muscle biopsy?
22	Α.	From my note here I saw him on March 23rd and on
23		March 25th.
24	Q.	All right. Why don't you read the March 23rd
25		note?

psePO psepS CO. 800-626-6313

FORM CSp

	para la company a com	
		2 7
1	A.	I don't have it here. I don't have it here.
2		MR. MELLINO: Can you get him a
3		copy?
4		MR. FIFNER: Yes. I will give him
5		mine.
6		Do you have it right there, George?
7		MR. GORE: Yes.
8		MR. FIFNER: There you go.
9	A.	Rheumatology. Shoulder x-ray reviewed. Severe
10		periarticular muscular calcifications.
11		Clinically same. CPK is elevated, about 1200.
12		Impression, consider polymyositis with muscular
13		calcifications. B, hydroxyapatite crystal
14		deposition disease. Plan, bone survey,
15		injection shoulders, muscle biopsy, Will
16		discuss with Dr. Riley.
17	Q.	Okay. Under impression B, what is that?
18	Α.	Hydroxyapatite crystal deposition disease is a
19		condition described in a patient with chronic
20		renal failure. It is certain kind of calcium
21		deposit which deposits around the joints.
22	Q.	Okay. So your impression changed then between
23		the 21st and the 23rd?
24	Α.	No, it did not change in the way that ${\tt I}$ you
25		don't keep repeating that, all the impressions,

FORM CSH LSSEH REPORTERS PAPER & MFG. CO. 800-626-6313

so my impression about gout did not change the second impression I felt it could have been clarified further. I'm talking about that current joint pains, mainly shoulder, I wrote in my first note that it is probably unrelated to gout.

It may represent a form of arthritis and periarthritis described in patients with chronic renal failure, and that is what I meant with my note on March 23rd about hydroxyapatite crystal deposition disease. That will end to be the same thing.

On my initial note, my third impression was 13 elevated CPK, rule out myopathy. I clarified it 14 15 further on March 23rd by indicating that we should consider polymyositis with muscular 16 calcification because on occasion polymyositis 17 per se can cause muscular calcifications. 18 Okay. Did you discuss the muscle biopsy with 19 Q. 20Riley? 2 1 Α. Yes. 22 Q. When? 23 Α. I cannot say the date really. Okay. Well, tell me what the discussion was? 24 0. 25 Α. Well, I have to presume really that basically I

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

		2 9
1		told him that muscle enzyme is high and it will
2		be good idea to do a muscle biopsy to see if he
3		has polymyositis or not. And he apparently
4		asked, I recall he asked the surgeon to see the
5		patient for that procedure.
6	Q.	Okay. Let's go to your March 25th note.
7	A.	March 25th, '89, rheumatology. Each shoulder
8		injected with 0.5 cc. Aristospan plus 055 ccs.
9		Xylocaine. Naprosyn times two days to prevent
10		steroid induced synovitis.
11	Q.	Okay. What were the injections in the shoulder
12		for?
13	Α.	For the patient was having shoulder pain and at
14		that point my presumption was it was probably
15		hydroxyapatite crystal disease. I felt gout was
16		less likely and the injection, the purpose of
17		them was to treat the shoulder pain.
18	Q.	Okay. Why did you feel that gout was less
19		likely?
20	А.	Usually when we have attack of gout there's
21		usually swelling, effusion, and redness of the
22		joint. The presentation is kind of more
23		dramatic, that is number one, and number two,
24		patients with gout as a general rule, they do
25		respond to Indocin. He did not respond. And
	1	

FORM CSD - LASER DEPOD T DS PAPER & MFG. CO. 800-626-6313

The second se		30
1		they usually respond to high dose of
2		Prednisone. He did not respond.
3	Q.	Okay. What is uremia?
4	Α.	I`m sorry?
5	Q.	What is uremia?
6	Α.	Uremia is a term used for really elevated blood,
7		urea nitrogen basically or substance called
8		urea. The important part of it or the way it is
9		tested, it is tested by testing BUN. It is
10		something we find usually in patients with renal
11		failure, but it could be found also in other
12		problems sometimes.
13	Q.	Does uremia cause anything?
14	Α.	In patients who have very high level of uremia,
15		they could have certain complication like
16		pericarditis, for example, anemia, but these are
17		usually manifestation of kidney failure anyway.
1%	Q.	I'm sorry, what were the symptoms they could
19		have again?
20	Α.	Well, uremia, I like to use it in basically if
21		we're talking about uremia resulting from renal
22		failure, there are several manifestations to
23		that.
24	Q.	Okay. What other kinds of uremia are there?
25	Α.	You could have sometimes what we call a

		31
1		pre-renal azotemia which could be elevated urea
2		without having necessarily renal failure, severe
3		dehydration could lead to that.
4	Q.	Okay. Any other forms of uremia?
5	Α.	If you have gastrointestinal bleeding you may
6		have some elevation of uremia.
7	Q.	Did Mr. Carrick have uremia?
8	A.	Yes.
9	Q.	And what in your opinion did it result from?
10	A.	Renal failure.
11	Q.	And what was the cause of his renal failure?
12	Α.	I don't know. I can't say.
13	Q.	How do you know he had uremia?
14	Α.	Well, his BUN was very high.
15	Q.	What was it?
16	Α.	On my consult note ${\tt I}$ put the figure here, 174.
17	Q.	Okay. And what is normal?
18	A.	Depends on the lab but usually less than 20.
19	Q.	And how do you treat uremia?
20	A.	Well, I am really not a nephrologist, I am not
21		an expert on treating uremia.
22	Q.	That's fine. Any time you can't answer one of
23		my questions you can just say ${\tt I}$ don't know, that
24		would be fine.
25	Α.	Okay.

Okay. Do you have any other notes in the chart? 1 Q. I don't recall if there is any more really that 2 Α. is --3 4 MR. FIFNER: Progress notes I don't 5 think so. He may have an order but I don't think there are any other progress notes. 6 You want to take a quick scan through the 7 orders, doctor, see if you have any in 8 there? Go ahead. 9 On March 21st I ordered x-ray of both shoulders 10 Α. and right elbow. CPK with isoenzymes, sed. rate 11 ra latex with titer, ANA, GGT, and discontinue 12 13 Naprosyn. Those were your only other notes? 14 Q. No. This is my order on the 21st. Now, on, was 15 Α. 16 it March --17 MR. GORE: It was July but it's 18 March. 19 March 12th, '89. Bone survey. Please bring Α. 20 Aristospan at least 2 ml. from pharmacy. I will 21 inject shoulders tomorrow. On March 25th, '89 I ordered Naprosyn, 250 milligrams p.o. t.i.d. 22 times two days. That was it. 23 Okay. Was it your expectation that the muscle 24 Q. 25 biopsy would confirm your impressions of

polymyositis and --1 2 Α. Can I see this? 3 Q. And your other impression you have listed under B for the March 23rd note? 4 Well, muscle biopsy could be positive if patient 5 Α. had polymyositis. I mean that was a condition I 6 7 indicated that it should be considered. Well, what was the reason you wanted the muscle 8 Q. 9 biopsy done? Well, because if a patient did have polymyositis 10 Α. that is very definite treatment for that. 11 12 Patient will have to stay on prednisone over a long period of time. 13 14 Q. Okay. So the muscle biopsy would tell you if he 15 had polymyositis? In a large number of patients. 16 Α. Okay. And I'm sorry, tell **me** again what that 17 Q. word is about? 18 Hydroxyapatite crystal deposition disease. 19 Α. 20MR. FIFNER: Doctor, you are 21 probably going to save yourself a phone call if 22 you would say it very slowly and spell it, because I'm certain the --23 H Y D R O X Y, A P A T I T E, crystal disease. 24 Α. And would that show up on a muscle biopsy? 25 Ο.

		34
1	Α.	I don't think so.
2	Q.	Okay. How do you test for that?
3	Α.	You have to take part of this deposits and send
4		it for electron microscopy and it needs really
5		sophisticated testing.
6	Q.	Is there treatment for that?
7	Α.	It will be by using something like injection and
8		it will be symptomatic treatment.
9	Q.	Did you test the crystals?
10	Α.	No. There was no fluid obtained from the
11		shoulders to be tested. I mean that was
12		not the muscle biopsy, it really meant
13		basically for the polymyositis so ${\tt I}$ did not
14		request a special testing for hydroxyapatite.
15	Q.	Okay. But there's a test you can do to
16		determine the presence of that but you didn't do
17		it?
18	Α.	Well, as a general rule what ${f I}$ am really aware
19		of is that if the fluid is obtained or if one
20		has done synovial biopsy there's possibility
21		that this could be tested but we don't do it
22		routinely. I mean it is mostly really a
23		research kind of thing. I mean from a practical
24		standpoint you don't need to prove this
25		diagnosis, so even if I aspirated the fluid from

FORM CSP LASER REPORTERS A BLANFG CO 80-626-6313

		35
1		the joint, I don't believe I would have sent it
2		for electron microscopy testing, It is done in
3		certain universities, in certain research
4		centers. We don't do it routinely.
5	Q.	When you are talking about aspirating fluid from
6		the shoulder, are you talking about something
7		you do or
8	Α.	When we do the injection, we try to aspirate if
9		there is any fluid there.
10	Q.	And you tried that and there was no fluid?
11	Α.	Yes. I automatically do.
12	Q.	Okay. That was on the 25th that you did the
13		injection?
14	Α.	Yes.
15	Q.	And the attempted aspiration?
16	A.	Yes.
17	Q.	Did you see the patient after the 25th?
18	A.	I don't believe so. If I saw him I could have
19		stopped by to see how he was doing really. How
20		many days I stayed after that? Three days.
21	Q.	Were you aware of the results of the muscle
22		biopsy?
23	Α.	${\tt I}$ was aware of it after he went to Cleveland
24		Clinic.
25	Q.	How did you become aware of it?

		36
1	Α.	I could have asked Dr. Riley or ${\tt I}$ could have
2		contacted pathology. I'm not sure, really.
3	Q.	Okay. The muscle biopsy was negative, right?
4	Α.	Yes, from what I see here.
5	Q.	What impact would that have on your impressions
6		of the patient?
7	A.	Well, at that point it made polymyositis less
8		likely, and yes? You want to ask me
9		something?
10	Q.	No. Are you done with your answer?
11	А.	Yes.
12	Q.	Okay. Well, your impressions when you first saw
13		him on the 21st were number one, that he had
14		gout?
15	A.	Yes.
16	Q.	But you felt that that was less likely, you told
17		me?
18	A.	Less likely to be causing his shoulder pain.
19	Q.	Okay.
20	A.	Not every pain in a patient with gout is from
2 1		gout so
22	Q.	Well, on the 23rd when you saw him did you still
23		think he had gout?
24	Α,	Yes, I did think that he did have gout. That
25		particular impression did not change.

раната М.F.G. ОО 30-626-6313

CSm
1 Q. Okay.

2	Α.	I usually like to I wrote in my impression
3		the history is very suggestive of gout. I could
4		not be absolutely certain, not 100 percent
5		because myself to make the diagnosis of gout I
6		prefer either to take fluid from the joint and
7		find the crystals or at least find the patient
8		during definitely acute episode and try to
9		verify that. But the history was very
10		suggestive of gout.
11	Q.	Okay. Your second impression on the 21st was
12		that he had polymyositis?
13	А.	No. The second impression was which day
14		we're talking here about?
15	Q.	21st.
16	Α.	The second impression, I read it again. The
17		current joint pain, mainly shoulders, is
18		probably unrelated to gout. It may represent a
19		form of arthritis and periarthritis described in
20		patients with a chronic renal failure.
21	Q.	Okay. Did that impression change at all?
22	Α.	No.
23	Q.	Or would it change knowing the results of the
24		muscle biopsy?
25	Α.	No.

FORM CSR LAGEN NEPO D ENG A FIG WFG CO 800-626-6313

37

		38
1	Q.	Okay. And what about the elevated CPK?
2	Α.	I wrote elevated CPK, rule out myopathy.
3	Q.	Right.
4	Α.	I was not very specific here. When ${\tt I}$ saw him
5		next time I repeated CPK was again elevated, ${ t I}$
6		thought that polymyositis should be a
7		consideration, and muscle biopsy should be
8		done. It did not show it. That would not 100
9		percent exclude polymyositis but it made it less
10		likely.
11	Q.	All right. You felt that the elevated CPK was
12		as a result of the polymyositis?
13	Α.	I was not no, I did not have definite
14		diagnosis.
15	Q.	No. That was your impression though?
16	Α.	I thought that should be a consideration. That
17		should be a consideration.
18	Q.	Since the muscle biopsy was negative what do you
19		think was the cause of the elevated CPK?
20	A.	Well, now, at this point I will have only to sit
21		and speculate really. I have not seen the
22		patient after that. I have not seen the patient
23		after he had the muscle biopsy, and
24	Q.	Well, let me ask it a little different way. If
2 5		he didn't have polymyositis, or, if he didn't

		39
1		have that, just assume that he didn't, what
2		could be the other causes of an elevated CPK
3		other than the myocardial infarction or
4		something from the heart?
5	Α.	Well, now in certain situation if there was
6		trauma to the muscle it could elevate the CPK.
7		If there was low potassium it could elevate the
8		CPK. I was not really sure of if renal failure
9		per se could cause elevated CPK, I was not aware
10		of it and I am not aware of it now either.
11		I do see sometimes in practice patients
12		with high CPK without explanation. I tend in
13		these cases to follow the patient for a while
14		and see what will happen without committing them
15		to long term treatment.
16		So basically if I had the chance to follow
17		the patient after that, ${f I}$ probably would have
18		repeated the CPK subsequently in two weeks or
19		three weeks and really to find out what was it
20		and then proceeding from there. It will be hard
21		to determine. It will be hard to determine.
2 2	Q.	All right. As we sit here today, you don't know
23		what the cause of the elevated CPK was?
24	Α.	No, I don't know at this point.
25	Q.	Why did you stop seeing Mr. Carrick?

40 1 Α. What do you mean with that? 2 Q . Well --That's an objection to 3 MR. FIFNER: the form. 4 MR. MELLINO: Is that what that 5 is? 6 MR. FIFNER: I think so. What was 7 the reason that you didn't see Mr. Carrick 8 after the 25th of March? 9 Consultant is not supposed to see the patient 10 Α. every day. You give certain treatment, you 11 don't have to have result the next day and you 12 13 don't need to see the patient every day as a consultant. And my interest was mostly to see 14 15 what the muscle biopsy will show, and muscle biopsy result was available, I believe, after he 16 went home, after he went to Cleveland Clinic. 17 So even if I stopped to see him, I could 18 have stopped to see him to say hi and if he had 19 20 any improvement so far with the injection or not, and I didn't feel that I should record it 2 1 22 in the chart at the time I see him and to charge money for it. That. is exactly the truth. 23 Ι 24 mean --25 I understand that. I think you're reading more 0.

800-626-6313 ğ

- LAS SR REPORT

FORM

		41
1		into my question than maybe I intended. I just
2		want to know if you stopped seeing him because
3		he transferred to the Cleveland Clinic or if you
4		felt you were done treating him or if Dr. Riley
5		asked you to stop seeing him or
6	Α.	No. Dr. Riley did not ask me to stop seeing
7		him. Knowing the patient went to Cleveland
8		Clinic he was in the hands of somebody else.
9	Q.	Okay. So you stopped seeing him because he went
10		to the Cleveland Clinic?
11	A.	That's correct.
12	Q.	Okay. And ${\tt I}$ guess what you're telling me is you
13		may have seen him after the 25th but you didn't
14		necessarily write a note?
15	A.	Unofficially I could have. I could have seen
16		him.
17	Q.	You didn't render any treatment?
18	A.	That's correct.
19	Q.	Okay. Dr. Riley asked you to do a consult
20		because the patient had gout, is that right?
21	A,	Well, yes, he indicated the reason for consult,
22		severe gout.
23	Q.	Where is that, by the way?
24	A.	On the top of the consult.
25	Q.	Okay. So the patient had had gout for a number

		42
1		of years before this, correct?
2	А.	Yes.
3	Q.	Do you know why Dr. Riley was asking for a
4		consult at this point in time?
5	Α.	I will have only to speculate, really, that.
6		MR. FIFNER: Well, don't do that.
7		I mean if you know you have to tell him, if
8		you don't know just say you don't know.
9	Α.	I can't say for sure what was in the mind of
10		Dr. Riley, no.
11	Q.	Okay. Do you know if Mr. Carrick had ever seen
12		a rheumatologist before this point in time?
13	Α.	I don't know.
14	Q.	Is a rheumatologist more qualified to treat gout
15		than a nephrologist?
16	А.	Gouty arthritis, yes. I should really could
17		I make a statement about this?
18		MR, FIFNER: Go ahead. We talked
19		about this before. Go ahead.
20	Α.	Rheumatologists are probably the most qualified
21		people to treat gout, but most gouty patients
22		are treated by general internists, including
23		nephrologists. Not every patient with gout is
24		in this community as far as I know is referred
25		to rheumatologists. The majority are not.

CSp ►S≤p REPORTERS PAPER & MFG. CO. 800-626-6313

		43
1	Q.	Okay.
2	Α.	But rheumatologists probably, they have more
3		experience treating gout than anybody else in
4		the community.
5	Q.	Okay. So if a general practitioner or a
б		nephrologist is having a problem controlling
7		somebody's gout or treating that gout then it
8		would be appropriate for them to refer that
9		patient to a rheumatologist?
10	А.	Yes.
11	Q.	And did you consult with the purpose in mind of
12		treating Mr. Carrick's gout?
13	Α.	Repeat that question, please.
14	Q.	Did you do this consult with the purpose in mind
15		of establishing a treatment for Mr. Carrick's
16		gout?
17	A.	Yes.
18	Q.	Okay. And what treatments did you establish?
19	A.	Well, now, here ${\tt I}$ should state that that was the
20		purpose of the consult, but when I find
21		something else which ${\tt I}$ feel could belong to my
22		specialty, I will make comments about it. So
23		basically in this particular case, I felt that
24		the patient did have gout, but ${\tt I}$ did not feel
25		that the current problem this patient had was

p MFG Co 800-626-6313

		44
1		caused by gout.
2	Q.	Okay.
3	Α.	So I had to pursue that other point of view
4		also.
5	Q.	Okay. So you were asked to consult with him
6		because he had severe gout so you examined the
7		patient, took a history from the chart.
8	Q.	You believe that his history was suggestive of
9		gout but you also felt that his problems were
10		more probably related to polymyositis. Would
11		that be fair?
12	Α.	I'll read it again. The current joints pain,
13		mainly shoulder, is probably unrelated to gout.
14		It may represent a form of arthritis and
15		periarthritis described in patient with a
16		chronic renal failure, and then I found the
17		elevated CPK and I felt this should be pursued
18		further.
19	Q.	Okay. I guess where we keep where I guess
20		I'm getting confused is you are telling me
21		there's no connection between your impression
22		number two and the polymyositis?
23	Α.	That's correct.
24	Q.	The arthritis and periarthritis?
25	Α.	Yes. Yes.

		4 5
1	Q.	So did you establish any treatment program for
2		the arthritis and periarthritis?
3	Α.	I injected his shoulders.
4	Q.	Okay.
5	Α.	My job I felt was to try to establish some kind
6		of more definite diagnosis, and on that basis I
7		did request additional x-ray, and I wanted to
8		have the CPK repeated to just verify that it is
9		definitely elevated, it was not lab error or
10		anything like this, which we did, and ${\tt I}$ consider
11		further workup to include muscle biopsy, I
12		recommended that was done, and I did inject his
13		shoulders in an attempt to relieve his pain.
14	Q.	Okay. So would it be fair to say then you felt
15		that even though he may have had gout, that his
16		problems were most probably caused by the
17		arthritis and periarthritis?
18	Α.	${\tt I}$ felt that his pain at that time was probably
19		more related to arthritis, periarthritis related
20		to the renal failure maybe rather than to the
2 1		gout. That was my impression at that time.
22	Q.	Okay. What is the cause of gout?
23	А.	Are you talking in general or about this
24	university of the set	patient?
2 5	Q.	Let's talk in general first.

<u>m</u> 00 & MFG. CO.

	<u></u>	46
1	Α.	Well, the cause of gout is elevated uric acid.
2		As a general rule, because of certain error in
3		metabolism which makes certain people have
4		elevated uric acid, certain percentage of these
5		people who have elevated uric acid for reasons
6		which we don't understand, they develop gout as
7		a result of deposition of uric acid in the
8		joints, and in certain other areas in the body.
9		When you have a lot of deposition of uric acid
10		in the joints, this may lead to acute gouty
11		attacks.
12	Q.	Okay. And what was the cause of this
13		patient
14	A.	This patient, I can't tell. Most of the time we
15		don't know exactly what is the exact cause. ${\tt I}$
16		am presuming if he is at age 25 had high uric
17	Sector 20	acid that probably had enough deposition in his
18		joints to cause the flares of gout.
19	Q .	And you didn't, you weren't able or did you
20		attempt to determine the cause of his gout?
21	A.	${\tt I}$ mean, by the way, if ${\tt I}$ could answer the other
22		question also, add a few things?
23	Q.	Which question are you answering, doctor?
24	A.	What caused gout.
25	Q.	Oh, okay. Go ahead.

		47
1	Α.	I talked about some error in metabolism leading
2		some people to have high uric acid and so on.
3		Sometimes high uric acid could come as a result
4		of other things like renal failure can cause
5		elevated uric acid, like certain medications
6		used for high blood pressure, in particular,
7		diuretics, can lead to high uric acid and over
8	**************************************	the years this could lead to gout also. So just
9		to make my answer before complete, okay? Now,
10		what was your second question?
11	Q.	Did you attempt to determine the cause of
12		Mr. Carrick's gout?
13	A.	No.
14	Q.	Okay. Do you need to determine the cause to
15		treat it?
16	Α.	No.
17	Q.	The injections that you gave, ${f I}$ think you said
18		before that that was symptomatic treatment?
19	А.	That's correct.
20	Q.	Okay. How long would that last?
21	Α.	Well, if the injection was successful, it may
22		last for weeks or months.
23	Q.	Okay. Do you know how long it lasted here?
24	Α.	${\tt I}$ am not sure even that was successful. I don't
25		know. I did not have follow-up.

FORM CSR - LASER REPORTERS PAPER & MFG. CO. 800-626-6313

		4 8
1	Q.	Okay. I take it based upon what we talked about
2		before as far as this you believe change in
3		medical knowledge over the last few years which
4		you weren't able to quantify the number of years
5		for me, you don't have an opinion as to whether
6		it would have been below the standard of care to
7		give Indocin to a patient with gout and chronic
8		renal failure?
9		MR. FIFNER: Objection.
10	Q.	You can answer the question.
11		MR. FIFNER: Yes. Go ahead.
12	A.	I could not really make that statement.
13	Q.	You don't have an opinion one way or the other?
14	Α.	Well, ${\tt I}$ cannot make the statement that every
15		time Indocin is given in patients with gout who
16		has renal failure will be deviation from the
17		standard of practice.
18	Q.	Well, what about in Mr. Carrick?
19		MR. FIFNER: Objection.
20	A.	I don't know even how was he given Indocin. I
21		don't know. I never reviewed his record prior
22		to his hospitalization.
23		MR. FIFNER: Let me tell you,
24		Chris, that if there comes a point in time
25		where he addresses any of those standard of

& MFG. CO. 800-626-6313

i

_		
		49
1		care issues at trial I will certainly
2		MR. MELLINO: Well, I'd like to
3		know now as long as we're here.
4		MR. FIFNER: I don't think he has
5		any opinions.
6		MR. MELLINO: That's what I'm
7		trying to find out.
8		MR. FIFNER: If he ever does intend
9		to express any I will go ahead and
10		reproduce him. I mean I think he's made
11		pretty clear the only documents he's seen
12		in connection with the case are his
13		consult.
14		MR. MELLINO: Let me just ask one
15		more question on this and I will be done.
16	Q.	Do you have an opinion as to whether or not it
17		would have been below the standard of care to
18		give Mr. Carrick Indocin?
19	Α.	Repeat the question.
20	Q.	Do you have an opinion whether it would have
2 1		been below the standard of care to give
22		Mr. Carrick Indocin, given the fact that he had
23		chronic renal failure?
24	A.	${\tt I}$ am sorry, I thought I answered this question.
2 5		It will not be invariably below the standard of

9 - 86 -6313 FORM CSR - LASER REPORTERS A E 2 &

	98000000000000000000000000000000000000	50
1		care to give Indocin to a patient with gout and
2		renal failure.
3	Q.	Right. You answered it that way before, you
4		were talking general terms. I'm talking
5		specifically.
6		MR. FIFNER: In this specific
7		case? Do you know enough about the facts
8		to say
9	Α.	I said that I don't have really access to
10		previous records. From what I can see in my
11		note, to try Indocin for an attack of gout in a
12		patient with gout and renal failure is not
13		absolutely contraindicated, it could be done.
14		It is not deviation from the standard of care as
15		far as I'm concerned.
16	Q.	Okay. But I'm talking about specifically under
17		the facts of this case?
18	Α.	This one, I'm talking about specifically, based
19		on the information I have on my consult sheet.
20	Q.	Okay. And you don't know
21	Α,	I don't know how much he was given. I don't
22		know for how long. I really just don't know. I
23		don't know that information.
24	Q.	Okay Can I take a look at your chart?
25		MR. MELLINO: Can I get a copy of

FORM CSR - LASER REPORTERS PAPER & MFG. CO. 800-626-6313

		5 1
1		this?
2		MR. FIFNER: Sure.
3	and development of the second second	MR. GORE: May I see it, please?
4	Q.	Do you treat renal failure?
5	Α.	Usually not.
б	Q.	Okay. Did you make any recommendations about
7		dialysis in this case?
8	Α.	No.
9	Q.	Do you have any opinion about whether or not
10		Mr. Carrick should have been put on dialysis?
11	Α.	1 don't know if he was put on dialysis or not.
12	Q.	No. Do you have an opinion as to whether he
13		should have been?
14	Α.	I don't have opinion really.
15	Q.	Okay. Do you treat hypoparathyroidism?
16	Α.	Not as a general rule. This kind of situation I
17		get usually help from other specialists.
18	Q.	Okay. What specialists would you get help from?
19	Α.	Well, for renal failure, nephrologist, for
20		hypoparathyroidism, endocrinologist.
21	Q.	Did you consider hypoparathyroidism as a cause
22		of Mr. Carrick's problems when you saw him?
23	Α.	Which problem you are talking about?
24	Q.	His joint pain?
2 5	Α.	No.

		52
1	Q.	What about now in retrospect?
2		MR. FIFNER: Objection.
3	Α.	I am sorry. I have to answer the question again
4		basically. We did consider that
5		hypoparathyroidism could have been contributing
6		to the calcium deposit.
7	Q.	Okay. You didn't write that in the chart,
8		though?
9	Α.	No.
10	Q.	And you didn't do any tests or anything to
11		determine if that was the cause?
12	Α.	No, I did not.
13	Q.	And in retrospect now, do you believe that might
14		have been the cause of joint pain?
15		MR. FIFNER: Objection.
16	Α.	${\tt I}$ believe the joint pain is probably related to
17		what I mentioned as far as hydroxyapatite
18		crystal disease, his shoulder pain, okay. Now,
19		the calcium deposit, they could have something
20		to do with hypoparathyroidism.
21	Q.	Did he have steroid myopathy?
22	Α.	No.
23	Q.	If a person has urea can that be treated with
24		dialysis?
25	Α.	Yes.

FORM CSR - LASER REPORTERS PAPER & MFG. CO. 800-626-6313

		53
1	Q.	Okay. And I think you answered this question
2		already, but you didn't prescribe any treatment
3		for his gout, is that true?
4	Α.	Repeat to me the question, please.
5	Q.	You didn't prescribe any treatment for
6		Mr. Carrick's gout?
7	Α.	No.
8		MR. MELLINO: Okay. I think that's
9		all the questions I have.
10		MR. FIFNER: Do you guys have any?
11		MR. GORE: I have no questions,
12		doctor.
13		MS. HENRY: No questions.
14		MR. FIFNER: Why don't we we'll
15		not waive it.
16		
17		NAZIH M. ZEIN, M.D.
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

ApcR 80

FORM CSR AGCR REPORTERS PAUCR

	5 4
1	
2	
3	
4	<u>CERTIFICATE</u>
5	The State of Ohio,) SS: County of Cuyahoga.)
6	councy of cuyanoga.)
7	I, Aneta I. Fine, a Notary Public within
8	and for the State of Ohio, authorized to administer oaths and to take and certify
9	depositions, do hereby certify that the above-named NAZIH M. ZEIN, M.D., was by me,
10	before the giving of his deposition, first duly sworn to testify the truth, the whole truth, and
11	nothing but the truth; that the deposition as above-set forth was reduced to writing by me by
12	means of stenotypy, and was later transcribed into typewriting under my direction; that this
13	is a true record of the testimony given by the witness, and was subscribed by said witness in
14	my presence; that said deposition was taken at the aforementioned time, date and place,
15	pursuant to notice or stipulations of counsel; that I am not a relative or employee or attorney
16	of any of the parties, or a relative or employee of such attorney or financially interested in
17	this action.
18	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and seal of office, at Cleveland, Ohio,
19	this day of, A.D. 19
20	
2 1	Aneta I. Fine, Notary Public, State of Ohio
22	1750 Midland Building, Cleveland, Ohio 44115 My commission expires February 27, 1996
23	
24	
25	
	1

ДСЕР, REPORTERS PAPER & MFG. CO. 800-66-6313

			55
1	<u>WITNESS INDEX</u>		
2		$\frac{PAGE}{3}$	
3	CROSS-EXAMINATION NAZIH M. ZEIN, M.D.	3	
4	BY MR. MELLINO		
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
2 1			
22			
23			
24			
2 5			

		1
PAGE	LINE	
0		
AD-11-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0		
	l	
	· ·	
MALOOF # 100000000000000000000000000000000000		
Advancements and a second second second		
Resident and a second second		
apanine		
Berlesson and a second second		
5,51.0	+ -	
	1	
-		
	1	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	