DELICIA OSTROWSKI, R.N

Erika Evans, etc. v. Lakewood Hospital, et al.

Page 1 In THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO ERIKA EVANS, etc., Plaintiffs, vs. Case No. 444182 LAKEWOOD HOSPITAL, et al, Defendants. Deposition OF DELICIA OSTROWSKI, RN. Wednesday, March 6, 2002 Substrainment of DELICIA OSTROWSKI, RN. Deposition of DELICIA OSTROWSKI, RN., a Witness herein, called by the Plaintiffs for examination under the statute, taken before me, Karen M. Patterson, a Registered Merit Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of Ohio, by agreement of counsel, at the offices of Lakewood Hospital, 14519 Detroit Avenue, Lakewood, Ohio, on the day and date set forth above, at 10:00 o'clock a.m. Rage 2	Page 3 1 DELICIA OSTROWSKI, R.N., of lawful age, 2 called for examination, as provided by the Ohio 3 Rules of Civil Procedure, being by me first duly 4 sworn, as hereinafter certified, deposed and 5 said as follows: 6 EXAMINATION OF DELICIA OSTROWSKI, RN. 7 BY-MS. VADAS: 8 Q. My name is Katherine Vadas, I'm an 9 attorney and I represent the plaintiff in this 10 case, Erika Evans. 11 Can you state your name for the 12 record and spell your last name, please. 13 A. My name is Ostrowski, 15 O-S-T-R-O-W-S-K-I. My maiden name is Garcia ~ 16 that's my listing in the chart ~ G-A-R-C-I-A. 17 Q. What is your home address? 18 A. 38 Pond, P-O-N-D, Drive, Rocky 19 River. 20 Q. Is that an apartment or a single 21 A. 44116. 22 Q. Is that an apartment or a single 23 home? 24 A. It's a home, like a cluster home. 25 Q. Have you ever had your de
KATHERINEA. VADAS, ESQ. 4 Skylight Office Tower-Suite 660 1660 West 2nd Street 5 Cleveland, Ohio 44113 (216) 241-2600 6 On behalf of the Defendant Lakewood 7 Hospital: 8 Moscrino & Treu LLP, by THOMAS H. ALLISON, ESQ. 9 The Hanna Bulding-Suite 630 1422 Euclid Avenue 10 Cleveland, Ohio 44115 (216) 621-1000 11 On behalf of Sharon Mikol, M.O.: 12 Sutter, O'Connell, Mannion & 13 Farchione, by JOSEPHA. FARCHIONE, ESQ. 14 3600 Erleview Tower 1301 East 9th Street 15 Cleveland, Ohio 44114 (216) 928-2200 16 ALSO PRESENT: 77 Kathleen Sweeney 18 20 21 22 23 24 25	 Q. This is just basically a question-and-answer session that will be under oath. Anything that you testify to today will be used to prepare your testimony for the trial in this matter. So if I ask any questions that you do not understand, feel free to ask me to rephrase them, and I will. If you answer the question, I'm going to assume that you understood what I was asking. Please give all your answers verbally because the court reporter can't take down head nods, grunts, hand signals, that type of thing. This is not a memory game. If I ask you any questions about the medical records and I haven't supplied them to you, you can feel free to look at the chart and I will give you a copy. That way you can answer fully and fairly without having to try and rely on your memory. Also, during the deposition, your counsel may object, will object, from time to time to the questions that I ask. You are still required to answer unless he instructs you not

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 to do so. Do you understand these instructions as I've stated them? A. Yes. Q. What have you reviewed for this deposition today? A. The papers and the chart that have all my signatures on them. Q. Did you review any of the policies 10 or procedures of the hospital? A. No. Was I supposed to? MR. ALLISON: No. Just answer her question. A. No. Q. Any medical literature or reference materials off the internet or textbooks or journals? A. No. Q. After Jasmine died, did you discuss her death with any of the doctors, nurses or administrators at Lakewood Hospital? MR. ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead and answer. A. I was called and told that she had passed away. 	 A. Yes. Q. When did you receive your nursing license? A. In 1997. Q. What type of program was your nursing program? A. It's an associate's in nursing. Q. Did you receive that through a 9 college? A. Yes. Q. What college did you attend? A. Mercy College of Northwest Ohio. Q. In your nursing programs, did you take any courses in pediatrics? A. Yes. Q. Do you recall how long the 17 pediatrics course was? A. It was combined with obstetrics. It was one quarter. Q. Do you have any additional medical-related training beyond your initial nursing program? A. I have my NRP. Q. What does NRP stand for? A. Neonatal resuscitation, I guess it's
 Page 6 Q. Were you asked to give any type of statement or anything concerning the care that you provided to her? MR. ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead and answer. A. No. Q. Since this case was filed, have you discussed this case with any of the doctors or nurses at Lakewood Hospital? A. No. Q. Other than with counsel, have you discussed this case with anyone else? A. No. Q. Do you have any personal notes or a personal file on this case? A. No. Q. Have you ever generated such notes? A. No. Q. Who is your current employer? A. Lakewood Hospital. Q. Were you an employee of Lakewood Hospital in February of 2000? A. Yes. Q. Are you a registered nurse in the State of Ohio? 	 Page 8 program. Q. Was this a course that you took? A. Yes. Q. Where did you take this course at? A. Well, you have to take it every couple years. I took one at Elyria and one here at Lakewood. Q. How long does this course last? A, I believe two years. Q. You go to class for two years, or does your A. No. No. It's a one-day thing. Q. Okay. A. And then you get certified and then it lasts, and then you have to recertify. Q. You have to recertify every two years? A. It's either every one year or two years? A. CPR. I think that's it. Q. What pediatric nursing journals do you subscribe to?

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	-
1 A. None.	1 A. Ayear.
2 Q. What pediatric nursing texts do	2 Q. Are you presently a full-time
3 you	3 employee at Lakewood Hospital?
4 A. My Maternal Health Nursing from	4 A. Yes.
5 nursing school.	5 Q. When did your full-time status
6 Q. Do you know the title of that	6 start?
7 textbook?	7 A. Let me see. Maybe in June or July
8 A. I think that's what it is.	8 of 2000.
9 Q. Do you know the author?	9 Q. In February of 2000, what were your
10 A. No.	10 duties and responsibilities at Lakewood
11 Q. When did you first become employed	11 Hospital?
12 at Lakewood Hospital?	12 A. I was an RN in the birthing center.
13 A. In March of '99.	13 I don't understand what you mean by that
14 Q. Did you work anywhere else in	14 question.
15 nursing before becoming employed at Lakewood?	15 Q. What type of care did you provide to
16 A. I worked at EMH Regional Medical	16 the patients in the birthing center?
17 Center.	17 A. Oh, I acted as a labor and delivery
18 Q. How long did you work there?	18 nurse or a baby nurse, charge nurse, postpartum,
19 A. One-and-a-half years.	19 that kind of thing. 20 \qquad When you say shares pures what does
20 Q. What nursing unit did you work in? 21 A. Obstetrics.	20 Q. When you say charge nurse, what does 21 a charge nurse do?
22 Q. What is your current title and	
23 position at Lakewood Hospital?	
A. I'm an RN in the emergency room.	24 baby is born. If there's any problems, we call
25 Q. In February of 2000, what was your	25 the supervisor and make sure there's staff for
Page 10	Page 12
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1 title and position?	1 the next shift.
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 Page 13 Q. Anything below 36.5 would be considered low? A. Well, it depends. Like for a new baby, sometimes it takes them a little bit to regulate themselves. They're just still trying to adapt to life outside the womb. Q. By a little time, is there an approximate amount of time that you mean? A. Well, if I've got a baby with a temperature that's below 36.5, I would probably just you know, I would monitor him for a bit, see how long it takes the temperature to come up, make sure that I'm doing things to help the temperature, like double wrapping and keeping the baby warm, that kind of stuff. Q. At what body temperature is a newborn considered hypothermic? MR. ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead and answer. A. I've never had a baby that I thought was hypothermic. I'm not sure. Q. At what low temperature would you start to be concerned about the baby? A. If the baby's temperature kept dropping on me, I would start to get concerned. 	 Page 15 adapting, or if the hat is not put on right away, or1 don't know. If the baby maybe is not wrapped up fast enough. Q. Are there any medical conditions that can cause a baby's body temperature to be low? MR. ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead andanswer. A. I guess if something is wrong with the baby. I don't know. Q. Can low blood sugar cause a baby's temperature to be low? A. Yes. Q. Can sepsis or infection cause a baby's body temperature to be low? MR. ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead and answer. A. Yes. Q. Can sepsis or infection cause a baby's body temperature to be low? MR. ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead and answer. A. Tve never had a baby's temperature be low that was septic. Usually it's high. Q. You said usually it's high. Does that mean that sepsis can cause a body temperature to be low? MR. ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead and answer. A. Tve never had a baby's temperature be low that was septic. Usually it's high. Q. You said usually it's high. Does that mean that sepsis can cause a body temperature to be low? MR. ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead and answer. A. T'm saying, in my experience, it's
 Page 14 Q. b there a policy or protocol for treating a newborn with a low body temperature? MR. ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead and answer. A. I'm not sure. There probably is. But it would be in the policy and procedure book. I think you just do the things that you're used to doing when you have a baby with a low temperature. I've never actually looked it up. Q. What type of things would you do when you had a baby with low a temp? A. Put the hat on, double wrap or sometimes even triple wrap. We have a blanket warmer, so we can get warm blankets from there. 	 Page 16 been high. Q. What is a dextrose stick? A. That's when you check the blood sugar. You poke the hand. Q. What signs and symptoms in a baby would indicate to do a dextrose stick? A. If they're under 5 pounds 13 ounces, you do one. If you have a big baby, you do one. If mom has risk factors, or she is under 36 weeks, you do one, or if mom is diabetic you do one. Q. Besides being a diabetic and being under 36 weeks, what other risk factors in the mom would cause you to do a dextrose stick on the baby?

16 Some people will tell you to do skin-to-skin,

17 like where you have the mom take down her gown,

18 or even sometimes the dad, and put the baby like

19 that up against the skin, or you can put him on

20 a warmer, that kind of stuff.

21 Q. What are some possible causes of a 22 low body temperature in a newborn?

22 low body temperature in a newborn?
23 MR. ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead
24 and answer.

25 A. Sometimes they have a hard time

4 (Pages 13 to 16)

A. If she had like a high temperature

Q. Besides high temperature, you said

A. Like if mom had a lot of bleeding,

Does it require a physician's order

17 or if something abnormal was going on, we might

20 something abnormal. What other abnormalities

23 anything. Sometimes we'll check it after a

18 just check it just to be on the safe side.

21 would cause you to check?

C-section.

Q.

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DELICIA OSTROWSKI, R.N.

Erika Evans, etc. v. Lakewood Hospital, et al.

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5 (Pages 17 to 20)

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Page 21	Page 23
 Q. Isn't it true that jaundice can be a sign of newborn sepsis? MR. ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead and answer. A. It probably could. Q. I believe you've already answered this, but have you ever treated a newborn with sepsis? A. Yes. Q. Can you recall approximately how many babies you've treated with sepsis? A. Probably just two or three. Not a ton at all. Q. Have you ever treated a newborn with meningitis? A. I don't believe so, no. MR. ALLISON: With respect to treatment, we discussed at some of the earlier depositions, you're talking about on a physician's order as opposed to MS. VADAS: Yes. Q. What responsibility do you have as a nurse if you suspect neonatal sepsis? A. I've got to call a doc first and probably put the kid on a monitor. 	 1 orders. Q. Are these the same orders that are put forth for every baby in the nursery, or do they differ? A. These are our routine orders for every baby in our nursery. Q. On the fifth line down, it says V.S. 8 What does that stand for? A. Vital signs. 10 Q. Could you tell us what that line 11 says? 12 A. Sure. Vital signs every half hour, 13 then times three, then one hour until stable. 14 Then every four hours per nursing protocol. 15 Q. What does the "per nursing protocol" 16 mean? 17 A. Well, if a mom doesn't have any risk 18 factors and she is negative for CBS, then we can 19 do eight-hour vital signs on babies. Q. So you wouldn't have to follow the 21 standing order? 22 MR. ALLISON: Objection. That is 23 part of the standing order as she just explained 24 it, partners in protocol, every eight hours. 25 MS. VADAS: I'm sorry. Let me
Page 221Q. What type of monitor would you put2the child on?3A. Like a pulse ox. And we've got a4little EKC monitor, put them on that, and get5stuff ready for IV and blood draw.6Q. Do you have any recollection7separate from the medical records of baby8Jasmine Evans?9A. Yes. Just that I told, after birth,10I told her mother that their features were very11similar.12Q. Do you recall Erika Evans?13A. Not that well.14MR. ALLISON: I'm sorry, what did15you say?16THE WITNESS: I said not that well.1718(Thereupon, PLAINTIFFS' Deposition19Exhibit 1 was marked for purposes20of identification.)2122Q. I'm handing you what has been marked23as Plaintiffs' Exhibit 1. Can you identify that24for the record, please.25A. Sure. That's the newborn nursery	 Page 24 rephrase my question. Q. So if the mother does not meet any of the risk factors, then you go back to the policy and procedure of the birthing center with regard to vital signs? A. Right. You can go to eight hours. Q. Down a couple more lines, it says, D5W. Can you tell me what that stands for, please? A. That's dextrose water. It's just a it's like a bottle of like sugar water almost for babies that you can give. Q. A couple more lines down, it says breast feeding according to feeding protocol. Could you tell me what the feeding protocol is? A. Well, we've had some meetings, some breast feeding meetings, and we've come up with a couple different things. I couldn't tell you what the protocol is for breast feeding, you know, like word-for-word, but what you should try to be doing is breast feeding every three to four hours until baby is in a good routine. Q. How soon should you make a first attempt to feed the baby? A. It really depends on what mom wants

6 (Pages 21 to 24)

DELICIA OSTROWSKI, R.N

Erika Evans, etc. v. Lakewood Hospital, et al.

Page 25	Page 27
	1 490 27
1 to do and what the nurse kind of gets going.	1 go up.
2 Ideally, you could try and get them to eat	2 Q. What would be considered extreme
3 within the first two hours of birth because	3 sleepiness? 4 MR. ALLISON: You are talking about
4 that's when they're most alert. After that, it 5 gets a little more difficult because they get so	
5 gets a little more difficult because they get so 6 sleepy. For 24 hours they're sleepy.	 5 in a baby that's already gone home; right? 6 MS. VADAS: Yes.
7 Q. A couple more lines down, it says,	7 A. Greater than 48 hours' sleepiness.
8 initiate newborn hypoglycemia protocol as	8 This would be a kid you're still having trouble
<i>9</i> indicated. Do you know what the hypoglycemia	getting up to eat every three to four hours.
10 protocol is?	10 Q. I'm handing you what's been marked
11 A. Not word-for-word, but that's if you	11 as Plaintiffs' Exhibit 3. Can you identify that
12 have a kid under 5 pounds 13 ounces, or if you	12 for the record, please.
13 have a big kid, or if you have if the mom is	13
14 under 36 weeks, then you would do a D stick that	14 (Thereupon, PLAINTIFFS' Deposition
15 we talked about earlier, check the blood sugar.	15 Exhibit 3 was mark'd for purposes
	16 of identification.)
17 (Thereupon, PLAINTIFFS' Deposition	
18 Exhibit 2 was mark'd for purposes	18 A. Sure. This is the obstetric
19 of identification.) 20	admitting form.Q. Is this filled out by the patient or
20 21 Q. I've handed you what has been marked	20 Q. Is this filled out by the patient or 21 by an employee of Lakewood Hospital?
22 as Plaintiffs' Exhibit 2. Could you identify	22 A. Employee of Lakewood Hospital.
23 that for the record, please.	23 Q. And under fetal assessment test, it
24 A. That's the preprinted orders for	24 has a date, 8-16, U-S, and it says abruption.
25 discharge, or for the home visit after the baby	25 A. Yes.
Page 26	Page 28
Page 26	Page 28
1 goes home.	1 Q. What does the U-S stand for?
 goes home. Q. And who makes that home visit? 	1 Q. What does the U-S stand for? 2 A. Ultrasound.
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7 (Pages 25 to 28)

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Page 29	r age 31
1 ahead and answer, to the extent that you can,	1
2 again, based on this single piece of paper at	2 (Thereupon, PLAINTIFFS' Deposition
3 this point in time that you had nothing to do	3 Exhibit 4 was marked for purposes
4 with and you don't have any idea what happened	4 of identification.)
5 between August the 16th of 1999 and February the	5
6 10th of 2000.	6 Q. I've handed you what has been marked
7 A. As a nurse, all I can say is, if it	7 as Plaintiffs' Exhibit 4. Can you identify that
8 was a complete abruption, she never would have	8 for the record, please.
9 had this baby. So it had to be a partial	9 A. That's page 2 of the labor and
10 abruption and it had to have stopped. It must	10 delivery summary.
11 have clotted off, and then the pregnancy	11 Q. And what is the highest score that
12 proceeded normally, it looks like, because the	12 you can get for each category?
13 baby was fine.	13 A. A ten and a ten.
14 Q. What is a calcified placenta; do you	14 Q. Under each separate portion of the
15 know?	15 category, and there are five here, the maximum
16 MR. ALLISON: Objection. To the	16 number that you can get is a two?
17 extent that you know.	17 A. Yes.
18 A. Calcified placenta is a placenta	18 Q. What would cause the color to be
19 that you can see a lot of pebbling on it; it	19 reduced from a two to a one?
20 feels really rough to the touch. Usually you	20 A. Acrocyanosis. That's what happens
21 see it with moms that are smokers.	2I with most kids.
22 Q. Did you help deliver Jasmine?	22 Q. I don't have a copy of this, so if
A. I was in the room. I was the baby	23 you could refer to it in the record.
24 nurse.	24 MR. ALLISON: What is it?
25 Q. As the baby's nurse, what were your	25 MS. VADAS: The newborn flow sheet.
Page 30	Page 32
1 responsibilities?	1 Q. Can you state for the record what
 responsibilities? A. As soon as the baby came out, the 	1 Q. Can you state for the record what 2 time periods you treated, or you were
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8 (Pages 29 to 32)

Page 33	Page 35
1 Q. Was there a temperature taken at 2 3:50? 3 A. Yes. 36.1. I didn't X it, but I 4 wrote it. 5 Q. Would you consider that to be low? 6 MR. ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead 7 and answer. 8 A. Slightly. But it's climbing. 9 Q. And you took her temperature again 10 at 4:20. What was her temperature then? 11 A. It's 36. 12 Q. So the temperature has actually gone 13 down? 14 A. A tenth of a degree, yes. 15 Q. Would that cause you any concern? 16 A. No, because it's not that big of a 17 change. She's still new yet. 18 Q. And during all three of these time 19 periods, it shows under color an A. What does 20 that mean? 1 21 A. Acrocyanosis. That's in the palms 22 Q. Would you expect a baby that's cryin	 Q. During this entire period of time, she's acrocyanotic? A. Yes. Q. Were there any attempts to feed her during this period of time? A. There's nothing recorded, and I don't remember. Q. Do you have an understanding of what caused Jasmine's death? A. I guess - yes. Well, no - MR. ALLISON: Other than what you may have discussed with me. A. Oh, other than no. Q. Do you have any reason to believe that anything Erika may have done caused her child's death? MR. ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead and answer to the extent you have any knowledge after you last saw her at 5:45 a.m. on 2-10-2000. A. I thought the baby had a skull fracture. Q. Do you think anything that Jasmine did contributed to this possible skull fracture? MR. ALLISON: That Jasmine did?
 Page 34 acrocyanotic for up to 24 hours. Q. The next time that Jasmine's body temp is recorded is at 5:00 o'clock. Can you tell us what the temperature is then? A. It looks like 36.3 or 36.4. Q. Would that still be below normal? MR. ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead and answer. A. Just slightly, yes. Q. And her next temperature was at 5:15? A. It looks like 37.2 or 37.3. Q. And that would be? A. It looks like 37.2 or 37.3. Q. That would be in the normal range? A. Oh, yes. Q. And her temperature after bath. Q. And her temperature after her bath was? A. About 36.6 or 36.7. Q. Can a bath cause a baby's temperature to fall? A. Oh, yes. 	 Page 36 MS. VADAS: I'm sorry. Q. That Erika did. MR, ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead and answer. A. Idon't know. Q. Do you have any reason to believe that she would have done something to harm her child? MR, ALLISON: Objection. Go ahead and answer. A. No. Q. Did you have any further interactions with either Jasmine or Erika after 5:45 in the morning? A. No. Q. Can you read into the record for us, please, your 2-10-20000300 note that you placed in the record. MR, ALLISON: You want her to read slower than you think you need to. A. All right. Viable female delivered by spontaneous vaginal delivery. To mother's abdomen. Cord cut by support person. Tactile stim given. Infant covered in vernix. That's V-E-R-N-I-X. Spontaneous cry and respirs. Skin

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 color blue at first. Apgar, 9 at one, 9 at five, 1 for color. To warmer. Infant meds given. Assessment done. Infant bulb suctioned repeatedly secondary to moderate mucus and fluid in mouth. Footprints obtained. Infant weighed. Bands applied. Vital signs taken. Infant double wrapped. To moin in bed. Q. What is vernix? A. Vernix is like a white, cheesy it's like a lotion. Some babies have a little bit of it. She had a lot of it. So you can try and wipe it off. Sometimes it's really hard to get off; you're rubbing and rubbing. But it's normal stuff. I just always make a note of it if there's a lot of it because the temperature probe won't stay on, it's too sticky. Their skin is like (indicating), but it's like the best lotion you could ever use for your skin. If we could scrape it and bottle it, it would be good. Q. Tactile stim given, what does that mean? A. That's when I'm rubbing the baby's back and rubbing the belly, drying them off while I'm rubbing them kind of vigorously. I 	1 AFFIDAVIT 2 I have read the foregoing transcript from 3 page 1 through 37 and note the following 4 corrections: 5 PAGE 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 17 DELICIA OSTROWSKI, R.N. 19 20 20 Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21
Page 38 1 want to see if this is going to get a reaction 2 from them, are they going to cry or are they 3 going to lie there limp, and I need to dry them 4 off, too, from everything inside. So I'm wiping 5 them good. 6 Q. As we sit here now, have we 7 discussed all of your care and treatment of 8 Jasmine that you recall? 9 A. Yes. 10 Q. All of your interactions with 1 Jasmine and Erika that you recall? 12 A. Yes. 13 MR. VADAS: I have no further 14 questions. 15 MR, ALLISON: Okay. I have the same 16 agreement with respect to reading the 17 transcript. If it can be sent to me and I will 18 send it to Delicia and we'll go from there. 19 Joe, do you have any questions? 20 MR. FARCHIONE: No, I don't. 21	1 CERTIFICATE 2 State of Ohio,) 3 SS 2 County of Cuyahoga.) 3 I, Karen M. Patterson, a Notary Public within and for the State of Ohio, duly commissioned and qualified, do hereby certify that the within named DELICIA OSTROWSKI, RN. 10 wes by me first duly swom to testify to the 11 in the cause aforesaid, that the testimony as above set forth wes by me reduced to stenotypy, 2 afterwards transcribed, and thai the foregoing 15 use and correct transcription of the 16 otherwise interested in the event of this action. I am not, nor is the court reporting 17 the and affixed runder a 18 atom and affixed my seed of office at Cleveland, 19 bnd and affixed my seed of Mice at 2002. 10 MAMAAAAMAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA

10 (Pages 37 to 40)

DELICIA OSTROWSKI, R.N.

		Page 41	
1	I N D E X		
2 3	WITNESS PAGE		
4	EXAMINATION OF DELICIA OSTROWS	KI, 3	
5 6	R.N. BY-MS. VADAS:		
7			
8 9	E X H I B I T S PAGE		
10 11	PLAINTIFFS' Deposition 22		
12	PLAINTIFFS' Deposition 22 Exhibit 1 was marked		
13 14	PLAINTIFFS' Deposition 25		
15	PLAINTIFFS' Deposition 25 Exhibit 2 was mark'd		
16 17	PLAINTIFFS' Deposition 27		
18	PLAINTIFFS' Deposition 27 Exhibit 3 was mark'd		
19 20	PLAINTIFFS' Deposition 31 Exhibit 4 was marked		
21 22	Exhibit 4 was marked		
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A	alert 25:4	attempt 24:24	beyond 7:21	CEDTIEICATE
abdomen 36:23	ALLISON 2:8 5:12	attempts 35:4	big 16:8 25:13	CERTIFICATE
	5:22 6:4 13:18	attend 7:11		40:1
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abnormalities		attorney 3:9 40:15	bili 26:10,15	certified 3:4 8:14
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