1 THE STATE Of OHIO, : SS: 2 COUNTY Of SUMMIT. 3 4 IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS 5 _____ 6 DOROTHY S. MAYNARD, et al., : plaintiffs, : 7 : Case No.97 CV 01 0228 VS. 8 AKRON GENERAL MEDICAL 9 CENTER, et al., defendants. 10 11 (VOLUME II - PAGES 65 - 96) 12 _ _ _ _ _ 13 continued deposition of **DIANE MUCITELLI**, M.D., a defendant herein, called by the plaintiffs for the 14 15 purpose of cross-examination pursuant to the Ohio Rules 16 of Civil Procedure, taken before Constance Campbell, a 17 Notary public within and for the State of Ohio, at Akron General Medical Center, 400 Wabash Avenue, Akron, Ohio, 18 19 on THURSDAY, JULY 29TH, 1999, commencing at 5:20 p.m. 20pursuant to agreement of counsel. 2 1 22 23 24 25

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3	<u>ON BEHALF OF THE PLAINTIFFS:</u>
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6	~ ´ ´
7	
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1	DIANE MUCITELLI, M.D.
2	of lawful age, a defendant herein, called by the
3	plaintiffs for the purpose of cross-examination pursuant
4	to the Ohio Rules of Civil Procedure, being previously
5	duly sworn, as hereinafter certified, was examined and
6	testified as follows:
7	
8	MISS KOLIS: For the record,
9	we're here at Akron General Hospital, today's date is
10	July 29, 1999. We're here for the continuation of the
11	deposition of Dr. Mucitelli if I'm saying her name
12	correctly.
13	THE WITNESS: Mucitelli.
14	MISS KOLIS: Dr. Mucitelli. The
15	purpose it to have you look at some slides, the slides
16	that were the subject matter of the the lawsuit. I'm
17	going to ask some questions in follow-up.
18	It's my understanding pursuant to the
19	agreement at the conclusion of our last deposition, that
20	Mr. Cullen is present today on behalf of Dr. Guyton,
2 1	should he elect to do so it's now his opportunity to ask
22	questions; is that a correct understanding?
23	MR. MCGRAW: That's our
24	understanding.
25	

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1	<u>CROSS-EXAMINATION</u>
2	<u>BY MISS KOLIS:</u>
3	Q. Doctor, when last we met ∎had attempted to ask
4	you some questions about the slides based upon
5	kodachrome slides I had made of the actual pathology
6	slides from the biopsy. At that time you indicated that
7	you didn't feel you could do it without using a
8	microscope, therefore that is what we're doing here
9	today.
10	Re-establishing some of the things that
11	we had discussed in the last deposition, it is frozen
12	section C which you determined to indicate a malignancy
13	in this patient; that's an accurate statement?
14	A. I have to see my report in order to verify that.
15	Q. Have you not reviewed your report since the last
16	deposition?
17	A. No, I did not. ■didn't prepare anything ■would
18	have to say.
19	Q. we will say hypothetically we will indicate for
20	the record it is frozen section C, since that is my
21	recollection.
22	A. Okay.
23	Q. I'm going to hand you two slides of frozen section
24	C, would you agree with that?
25	A. That's correct.

1	Q. what I would like to do before you put them under
2	your microscope, I would like to ask you these general
3	questions.
4	when you are doing an intraoperative
5	frozen section, can I assume that first you have to fix
6	the specimen, correct?
7	A. That's correct.
8	Q. After you fix the specimen you then place it under
9	the microscope, correct?
10	A. Wait. Let me clarify.
11	Q. You explain how you do these.
12	A. when you do an actual frozen section the tissue
13	comes fresh in a specimen container and ${f is}$ zap frozen in
14	liquid nitrogen. If we are doing two microtomy cuts in
15	the slides like this, these are the actual frozen
16	sections with levels, that is why you see deep, meaning
17	an extra level from the first cut.
18	Q. Thank for that clarification.
19	when you have you them under the scope
20	at what settings or powers do you look at them?
21	A. First low power, then I go progressively up in
22	magnification. First low power, start with 4X, 10X,
23	20X, and higher. I go progressively low to high.
24	Q. High being 400 perhaps?
25	A. Yes, 40X, which is 400.

1	Q. could I ask you then in your delineating these for
2	reasons that are obvious to everybody we're not going to
3	mark the slides with exhibit stickers, but we will have
4	to spacially somehow describe it.
5	I'm pointing my finger at the slide,
6	tell me what slide that is for identification purposes.
7	A. what slide it is?
8	Q. Yes.
9	A. Frozen section C surgery number \$962320,
10	inpatient's name Maynard on the frozen section. We
11	identify the actual frozen with the patient's name.
12	Q. 2F, what is the difference between the first one
13	and the second one?
14	A. This first slide is a section level one from the
15	actual tissue block that is zap frozen.
16	Q. second?
17	A. Additional level from the same block .
18	Q. when you say an additional level?
19	A. A progressive cut deeper into the block.
20	Q. If I could ask you then to take the more surface
21	level, I guess we might want to call it that?
22	A. Firstlevel.
23	Q. Right. At this point I would like to ask you to
24	look at it on low power.
25	A. I'm not used to the scope so you have to bear with

	12
1	me. Right, it's under low power.
2	Q. Is this the microscopic slide upon which you based
3	the diagnosis of malignancy?
4	A. Repeat the question again.
5	Q. Is this the slide upon which you based your
6	diagnosi s of mal i gnancy?
7	A. Not actually. I looked at two slides to base it,
8	I looked at two slides
9	Q. This one is the second deeper cut?
10	A to make a diagnosis of malignancy.
11	Q. At the time of making your diagnosis of malignancy
12	from frozen section C were you aware that the endoscopic
13	cytobrushings had been negative for malignancy?
14	A. I was aware of atypical cytology that I recall.
15	Q. Have you reviewed the records recently enough to
16	confirm that is what impression you had?
17	A. No, I haven't reviewed the report.
18	Q. Doctor, can I ask you why?
19	A. I reviewed the cytology prior to the surgery of
20	thi s patient.
2 1	Q. Your impression is that there were some atypical
22	cells?
23	A. Atypical cells, no definite malignancy identified.
24	Q. I can accept that answer. At the point that you
25	were looking at this frozen section C were you aware

1	that the specimen was taken directly from the visualized
2	polypoid mass that was obstructing the bile duct?
3	A. No, during the intraoperative consultation with
4	Dr. Guyton I went to the surgery room, he performed a
5	biopsy along with the resident.
6	Q. A strictured area within the bile duct?
7	A. That is what I was told.
8	Q. when you say he was biopsying a strictured area,
9	is that
10	A. He showed me the x-ray, he showed me the x-ray in
11	the intraoperative consultation room, in the surgery
12	room. That's what he was telling me what he biopsied.
13	Q. Is your disagreement it wasn't your understanding
14	that this was a specimen taken from a polypoid mass?
15	A. Yes, no recollection of polypoid mass. Sorry, no.
16	Q. Did you consider this specimen to be
17	representative of the mass?
18	A. After we initially talked about it , yes, it was.
19	There were other biopsies taken that were negative, he
20	wasn't getting representative material until this
2 1	part C.
22	Q. Before proceeding to high power observation, did
23	the size of the specimen to you appear to be adequate to
24	render a firm diagnosis of a malignancy?
25	A. Yes, it did.

ł.

1	Q. How comfortable were you with the size of the
2	specimen?
3	A. I was very comfortable with it.
4	Q. In your years of practice, how do you determine
5	what size makes you comfortable when you are trying to
6	determine a malignancy?
7	A. I don't base my diagnosis of malignancy on size.
8	Q. I assume nobody does that. what I'm saying is how
9	do you define what size sample is adequate to be
10	representative of malignancy in a particular location?
11	A. See that varies, depends on the site. Brain
12	biopsy could be very minute, very, very tiny amount of
13	tissue could be taken you can make a diagnosis of
14	malignant meningioma.
15	Q. It's your testimony in this particular case given
16	the region being biopsied you felt this was a sufficient
17	sample size to reach a diagnosis of malignancy?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. If could ask you to now put this on high power.
2 0	A. The slide moves, it also has faded. The slide has
2 1	faded.
22	Q. Is that something which happens over time?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. So to the extent that you are indicating that the
2 5	slide has faded, does it now make it not possible to

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1	detect the same features you saw at the time of your
	detect the same features you saw at the time of your
2	intraoperative evaluation?
3	Α. ΝΟ.
4	Q. Did you render an unequivocal diagnosis of
5	malignancy based upon the changes shown in this slide at
6	high power?
7	A. Yes, ∎did.
8	Q. Please, with as a much specificity as possible
9	indicate what changes you see on that slide that enable
10	you to render a clear-cut diagnosis of malignancy?
11	A. Here we're at 10X, you can't go directly to high
12	power when you are evaluating a frozen section
13	diagnosis, you have to see what is occurring within the
14	specimen.
15	You can see the specimen is quite
16	inflamed and edematous, fibrotic, you can see aggregates
17	of highly atypical cells permeating through a fibrous
18	wall.
19	On higher power you have to appreciate
20	the cytologic features of the malignancy, you can't do
2 1	that on lower power. In here at the higher power you
22	start seeing the loss of polarity of cells, there is a
23	loss of polarity, aggregates of cells permeating through
24	the fibrous stroma. prominent nucleoli, no normal
2 5	cells, all the nucleoli are like this. often some of

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1	the cells have multiple nucleoli. The chromatin pattern
2	with individual cells are very vesicular in pattern, has
3	a vesicular chromatin pattern that is an indicative
4	cytologic feature of malignancy.
5	Q. Anything else?
6	A. Yeah, well, if you look around, look here, you can
7	see there is a haphazard placement of cells within a
8	fibrous stroma. It's permeating single pattern and
9	aggregates, highly indicative of malignancy.
10	Q. Can you define what the normal histology structure
11	of the slide is supposed to be? In other words, iffit
12	wasn't malignant as you opine, what would I expect to
13	see on this particular slide?
14	A. Repeat the question.
15	Q. sure. can you define what a normal histology
16	structure of this slide is supposed to look like?
17	A. If you take an actual frozen section of a bile
18	duct structure, you should see normal epithelium on the
19	surface, columnar epithelium and mucosa but in a very
20	orderly fashion lining the epithelium, you see benign
21	ducts and glands, regular, in a not haphazard
22	arrangement.
23	Q. what is the difference between a bile duct
24	structure is it different from a polypoid mass in
25	your mind?

1	A. Yes, I'm talking you are asking me what normal
2	things ∎should be looking for
3	Q. Right.
4	A that is a normal structure within a bile duct?
5	Q. Do you see the bile duct upon which you rendered a
6	diagnosis of bile duct cancer in this slide?
7	MR. CULLEN: I'm sorry, I didn't
8	get that.
9	Q. I'm asking if she sees the bile duct upon which
10	she rendered a diagnosis of bile duct cancer?
11	A. Repeat the question again. Do I see an actual
12	bile duct on the slide, no, ∎don't.
13	Q. Are you aware of normal peribiliary glands?
14	A. Pardon.
15	Q. Peribiliary glands within the structure?
16	A. There are glands that are benign.
17	Q. Do you see those?
18	A. Not in this slide.
19	Q. You don't see them in that slide?
2 0	A. Not in this slide.
2 1	Q. what under the microscope should a peribiliary
22	gland look like?
23	A. They should be round in configuration with a
24	1umen.
2 5	Q. So I gather then when I ask this question I

1	••
1	- already know the answer, could you be looking at
2	peribiliary gland, not carcinoma as you described it?
3	A. No, this is malignant.
4	Q. Doctor, could ∎ask you if you want to remove that
5	slide, I'11 give you an opportunity to look at your
6	second section, cut of frozen section C, correct?
7	A. which I thought was better.
8	Q. That's my next question.
9	A. That is why I did the extra level.
10	Q. Did you do an extra level because you were
11	uncertain after you examined the first cut?
1 2	A. No, ■ was pretty certain this was diagnostic of
13	malignancy, what ∎wanted to do was get a better look at
14	the individual malignancy within the stroma. $ t I$
15	typically normally do a second level on every frozen
16	section I do, it's routine for me.
17	Q. That's your routine?
18	A. Um-hum.
19	Q. Let me ask you something. Do you have the high
2 0	power, what power do you have it on?
2 1	A. Now I have it under 4X.
22	Q. So you have this under 4X?
23	A. Right now.
24	Q. Let me ask you this question now that you've got
25	the microscopic there: If \blacksquare show you this photograph,

1	
1	is this representative of what you are looking at under
2	4x?
3	A. Um-hum.
4	Q. You said you needed to see the slide, that is why
5	you couldn't tell me. I'm going to give this to you at
6	this point, you are sitting at the table looking at the
7	electron microscope
8	A. There is not an electron microscope.
9	Q. You are pointing out areas you think are
10	representative, that is not going to translate on to
11	paper, the paper can't pick up where the arrows are. So
12	now that you've identified that can you recognize this
13	as a photograph of that slide
14	A. Yes, because I can recognize it because it has
15	the dot, the actual dot.
16	MISS KOLIS: Let's mark this
17	Plaintiffs' Exhibit A.
18	Q. Show me with your finger where the top of the
19	slide is. Do I have it upside down if you know? what
20	I'm asking you is I would like this to be as accurate as
21	possible.
22	A. If you are looking what is this over here, the
23	actual bar when you took it?
24	Q. I think so, this isn't part of the
25	A. The slide is actually like this. We're just

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1	looking at the whole of the specimen.
2	Q. You don't really care where we put the exhibit
3	sticker, that is the big question?
4	A. No, this is the whole specimen.
5	MISS KOLIS: Connie, mark it over
6	here in this area.
7	
8	(Plaintiffs' Exhibit A
9	marked for identification.)
10	
11	Q. On Plaintiffs' Exhibit A if you have a pencil do
12	it this way, pretty much along the lines of the
13	questions I asked you, in this particular specimen that
14	we're looking at, this is at high power, please indicate
15	for me by marking with X's let's do this a different
16	way.
17	what structural changes do you see under
18	high power on the frozen section C that indicate a
19	malignancy to you?
20	A. Even on high power?
2 1	Q. Right, on high power.
22	A. YOU were asking a benign structure, here is a
23	benign structure. compare this with something like
24	this, where you have aggregates of cells that are
2 5	discohesive, free-floating in a very mucoid edematous

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1	stroma, with prominent nucleoli, vesicular chromatin.
2	Those are the criteria of malignancy.
3	Q. I think I just misunderstood you. I thought you
4	just said you were indicating to me where the benign
5	section was?
6	A. No.
7	Q. Let's go back.
8	A. See up here, you were asking me before whether
9	there are benign structures in the tissue?
10	Q. Right.
11	A. on the second level you can see there are some one
12	single glands.
13	Q. I can't see where your arrow is.
14	A. Right here, can you see it.
15	Q. I see the blue section, okay. All right. I see
16	where you are pointing, you are saying that is benign
17	specimen of tissue?
18	A. No. These are benign reactive glands that are
19	crushed, somewhat poorly preserved but benign. This is
20	fibrous stroma around it, down here are the malignant
2 1	cells.
22	Q. under a microscope, what do peribiliary duct look
23	1 ike?
24	A. what do benign peri
25	Q. Yes, what do these look like?

1	
1	A. They look like this is a benign structure right
2	here. They look like this. very cohesive, with a
3	1umen, you have small cuboidal cells with inconspicuous
4	nuclei.
5	Q. would you be able to circle that on the
6	photograph, the benign area?
7	A. On here, no, ∎can't see it. It's hard, it
8	doesn't photograph.
9	Q. So what
10	A. YOU can see it better on the slide.
11	Q. YOU can see better on the slide what you are
12	indicating, is that based upon the photograph you can't
13	mark the benign areas?
14	A. No.
15	Q. with the photograph, can you mark areas in
16	changes, structural changes you believe indicate
17	mal ignancy?
18	A. On this photograph?
19	Q. Yes.
20	A. ■can't see anything. I could see better under
21	the microscope. This is bad, this is a very bad
22	picture. YOU can't see any detail to it.
23	Q. There is not enough detail on there for you?
24	A. No, all I see is vascular spaces. See. This is
25	fibrous tissue, vascular spaces, I can't see benign

1	structure, I can't see malignant structure, I can see
2	the malignancy on the actual frozen slide and benign.
3	sorry, but I can't.
4	MR. McGRAW: So the record is
5	clear, Exhibit A you just showed her, was that the first
6	frozen section C or the second?
7	MISS KOLIS: I believe it's the
8	second frozen section C.
9	Q. If you want to remove that slide, what I would
10	like to do before I destroy this is put it back where it
11	belongs.
12	Have you looked at G24 and G33? You
13	might want to take G24 first, there is G24-1 and G24-2.
14	A. G24-1, okay.
15	Q. Those are permanent sections, correct?
16	A. Yes.
17	Q. These are the permanent sections of the frozen
18	section, correct?
19	A. I would have to see the actual report again.
20	MISS KOLIS: Do you happen to
21	have her report handy?
22	A. My frozen was in C, goes en block C, I'm not sure
23	of this permanent section of strictured area.
24	Q. I represent to you it is but let's find your
25	report.

1	A. I can't recall from three years.
2	Q. Doctor, I understand you can't recall. Let me ask
3	you this question
4	A. I have to see the actual report.
5	Q. we filed a lawsuit against you on behalf of your
6	client, can you explain why you haven't reviewed the
7	report?
8	MR. MCGRAW: objection. Don't
9	answer that, it's argumentative.
10	MISS KOLIS: Yes, it is
11	argumentative.
12	A. I would say this much, it's best to review the
13	report before you answer a question. That's all.
14	MR. CULLEN: which one are we
15	talking about?
16	MISS KOLIS: Her actual report.
17	MR. CULLEN: Here.
18	MR. MCGRAW: Is that it?
19	THE WITNESS: Yes. This way ∎ can
20	See.
21	A. This is slide G24, G22 section of distal
22	intrahepatic common bile duct and mucosal surface,
23	right.
24	Q. So the first question is, permanent section G24
25	you also read as indicating a malignancy; is that an

	65
1	accurate statement?
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. while we're at it, so we don't have to waste a lot
4	of time, can you by looking at the report confirm that
5	the other section which you read and confirmed the
6	malignancy was ${ m G33}$ that is on the table? You can ${ m look}$
7	at your report first.
8	A. Multiple lymph nodes were submitted in G11, G18 as
9	well as in G30-G33. There is lymph nodes in G33. ${f I}$
10	don't recall, I have to refresh my mind. Additional
11	sections from the section $G24$ on $G24$ I recognize
12	there were malignant and glandular structures. G24 is
13	the one ${f I}$ made the diagnosis of malignancy. G33
14	contains the atypicality of the epithelial surface of
15	the bile duct, G24.
16	Q. Can I have G33 up for a second?
17	A. G33 contains lymph nodes and additional tissue
18	around the bile duct.
19	Q. Is that indicative of a carcinoma?
20	A. There are changes in epithelium here that are
2 1	preneoplastic and atypical, severe papillary dysplasia.
22	Q. My question is, is that slide unequivocal for
23	making the diagnosis of a malignancy?
24	A. I did not make the diagnosis of malignancy on this
2 5	slide.

	00
1	Q. That is not my question.
2	A. No, G24 is not diagnostic, but there are changes
3	within the bile duct epithelium that are both
4	preneoplastic and severe dysplasia. Borderline in situ
5	papi11ary carcinoma.
6	Q. or could be read as, what you are telling me is
7	you don't read them as exhibiting
8	A. No, there are changes of epithelial changes
9	that are diagnostic of severe dysplasia, papillary well
10	differentiated adenocarcinoma in my opinion. The actual
11	slide where you saw gland in the bile duct are present
12	on G24, maybe that is where the confusion is arising.
13	Q. why don't you pull up G24, the first section. \blacksquare
14	hope l've got your reading.
15	Tell me, Doctor, first of all, what
16	power are you looking at?
17	A. 10X.
18	Q. Is that high enough for you to see changes that
19	you feel are consistent with malignancy?
20	A. No. I have to study the cytology features at the
2 1	higher magnification. It does present at a lower power,
22	10X I'm seeing atypicality based upon architectural
23	features.
24	Q. Thinking through this case after it was filed
2 5	against you, did you have an opportunity to review any

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1	pathology literature regarding the reading of these
2	particular kinds of slides, slides taken in the
3	peribi1∎ary area?
4	A. Can you repeat the question?
5	Q. sure. I want to know if since we filed the
6	lawsuit, if you reviewed any pathology literature
7	regarding the reading of this type slide?
8	A. No, l'm not.
9	Q. Are you aware one of the most frequently
10	overcalled malignancies is the peribiliary gland?
11	A. I'm aware you can mistake benign structure for
12	malīgnancy.
13	Q. You were aware of that when you read these slides?
14	A. Yes. I go through a diagnostic criteria in my
15	brain, you have to determine what you see is benign on
16	the slide versus malignant, that's how I approach.
17	Q. Your file read then of G24, tell me what
18	structures you see and how they indicate an unequivocal
19	malignancy?
20	MR. MCGRAW: Do you need to
2 1	increase the power, Doctor?
22	A. First of all you have to see on lower power the
23	atypicality of this epithelium surface. The surface is
24	very well differentiated right behind haphazard
2 5	distorted arrangement of malignant appearing glands,

1	right here. This is what if you go on higher
2	magnification you see they are quite angulated, they
3	have outpouching, this is architectural features of
4	malignancy. They have cytologic criteria of malignant
5	nucleoli. Architectural outpouching, haphazard
6	arrangement and inflamed stroma, More of the same here.
7	Q, were there any other slides around G24 that had
8	changes that established or suggested malignancy? In
9	other words, slides that were cut contiguous?
10	A. This was the slide that was diagnostic of focal
11	invasive carcinoma of the bile duct stricture site.
12	This is the diagnostic slide.
13	Q. The prominent feature that made you determine that
14	this was diagnostic was what?
15	A. The architectural pattern, outpouching of the
16	gland and cytologic features.
17	Q. When you cytologic features, you mean the
18	appearance of what?
19	A. The chromatin, which is vesicular, the nucl eoli.
20	Q. when you read the permanent section, did you ask
21	the advice of any other person interpreting them?
22	A. when I did the actual permanent section?
23	Q. Permanent section, yes?
24	A. No, I did not.
2 5	MISS KOLIS: Doctor, Idon't have

1 any further questions for you. 2 THE WITNESS: These are not 3 originals, these are levels, this is the actual original. 4 5 MR. CULLEN: They don't change 6 your interpretation, do they? No, they don't. 7 THE WITNESS: These are levels. 8 9 MISS KOLIS: Let the record 10 reflect \blacksquare asked the hospital for the originals, this is 11 what was given to me. 12 can we go back to MR. CULLEN: the frozen? 13 Are you going to ask 14 THE WITNESS: 15 questions too? Do you mind, Doctor? 16 MR. CULLEN: 17 THE WITNESS: NO. 18 _ _ _ _ _ 19 CROSS-EXAMINATION 20 BY MR. CULLEN: can you put the slide up that was diagnostic, do 21 Q. 22 you have a little arrow pointing in this? 23 A. Yes. 24 Q. Can you walk me through the diagnosis? You've got 25 two frozen slides?

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1	A. One is deep, one is a first cut. This is an
2	additional level. Just means deep, is an additional
3	level,
4	Q. Are these marked, how are they identified?
5	They are identified by the surgical number of the
6	surgical specimen from where it came, what patient, the
7	patient's name. S gives you the surgery number, that
8	refers to my report, S962320.
9	This is basically low power. The slide
10	has faded because stain fades over time, since 1996, it
11	loses its quality. You still can see the cells that are
1 2	involved within the wall of this bile duct. These are
13	the cells that were interpreted as malignant.
14	Q. what are the characteristics that you use to make
15	that determination?
16	A. we make the distinction by architectural pattern.
17	You see there is no structure to the cells, no organized
18	pattern, discohesive aggregates, have the criteria of
19	prominent nuclei and vesicular chromatin. some cells
20	have two nuclei. some have one, some have two.
21	Additional slides that is a level that is a lot more
22	prominent, you can see the cells a lot better in a
23	deeper section.
24	Q. Can you show me that?
2 5	A. That is the purpose of doing a small frozen

1	section on a small specimen, you have to do additional				
2	levels.				
3	Q. which was done?				
4	A. In this case it's typical.				
5	Q. You testified this was an adequate sample?				
6	A. Yes, an adequate sample.				
7	Q. If it wasn't adequate you would have requested				
8	A. I would have told the surgeon.				
9	on low power you can see that the whole				
10	structure is outlined by these dots, what you see on				
11	high power are fibrous edematous stroma, a lot of				
12	inflammation and necrosis associated in a benign				
13	structure here I can't point out on her photograph.				
14	Q. Can you point it out on the slides?				
15	A. Here is a benign ductal structure. In this				
16	particular one you can see the difference between this				
17	benign structure which is clearly benign but down here				
18	there is the whole aggregate of cells that are haphazard				
19	infiltrating this fibrous tissue, diagnostic of				
20	malignancy. These are not normal cells. These are				
21	abnormal malignant cells permeating through the inflamed				
22	desmoplastic stroma, discohesive.				
23	If you compare this with something				
24	benign, you can see clearly, see the difference. There				
25	is a slight lumen here, these are the characteristics of				

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1	a benign structure. Here you see discohesiveness, you
2	see the cells permeating in a haphazard fashion through
3	the inflamed desmoplastic stroma. Along with cytologic
4	features, that is what I based my diagnosis on.
5	Q. The frozen section you reviewed with a colleague
6	by the name of Dr. Runyon
7	A. Dr. Anne Caveny.
8	Q. I'm sorry. Did you make your diagnosis prior to
9	consulting with her?
10	A. Yes, I did.
11	Q. Then she
12	A. Confirmed it.
13	Q. she confirmed it. Did you have any discussions
14	about it?
15	A. we just went over the atypicality of the cytologic
16	features of the glands. we discussed all the malignant
17	criteria together.
18	Q. she agreed with you?
19	A. she agreed with my interpretation, which I thought
20	was good quality assurance by showing it to another
21	pathologist.
22	Q. Have you spoken to her since?
23	A. No. Last time I saw Dr. Caveny was in July when I
24	was there as a pathologist, June, July.
25	Q. Since you didn't really have a question as far as

	75
1	your diagnosis in your mind, what was the purpose of
2	consulting with Dr. Caveny?
3	A. For quality assurance, because the lesion is
4	the specimen is small, so you like to confirm it, to
5	have a confirmation of your impression. we did that
6	typically in our cases during frozen sections, not just
7	on this case, on many cases.
8	Q. was there a policy with the group?
9	A. No, no policy, just up to the individual person.
10	Q. I see. So when the diagnosis was relayed to
11	Dr. Guyton, both you and Dr. Runyon had evaluated
12	A. Dr. Caveny.
13	Q. Dr. Caveny.
14	A. Yes, I told Dr. Guyton myself and Dr. Caveny
15	reviewed the slides, we interpreted as we said as
16	malignant, as an adenocarcinoma.
17	Q. The permanent section, why did you not have why
18	did you not confer with a colleague ${ m on}$ those?
19	A. Because the diagnosis of malignancy was made on
20	frozen section, there is no indicated policy to show if
21	the case is to begin with malignant, the tissue section
22	shows it, there is no need to show it to a colleague.
23	The need arises when you don't have when you have a
24	positive frozen section, nothing in the slides, then one
2 5	should show it to a colleague.

1	Q. It wasn't required for the permanent?	
2	A. No, it wasn't required.	
3	MR. CULLEN: That's all ∎ have.	
4	MISS KOLIS: Okay, we're done.	
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9	(Deposition concluded; signature not waived.)	
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1	The State of Ohio,
2	County of Cuyahoga. : <u>CERTIFICATE:</u>
3	I, Constance Campbell, Notary public within and for
4	the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the within
5	named witness, <u>DIANE MUCITELLI, M.D.</u> was by me first
6	duly sworn to testify the truth in the cause aforesaid;
7	that the testimony then given was reduced by me to
8	stenotypy in the presence of said witness, subsequently
9	transcribed onto a computer under my direction, and that
10	the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the
11	testimony so given as aforesaid.
12	I do further certify that this deposition was taken
13	at the time and place as specified in the foregoing
14	caption, and that ∎am not a relative, counsel or
15	attorney of either party, or otherwise interested in the
16	outcome of this action.
17	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, \blacksquare have hereunto set my hand and
18	affixed my seal of office at Cleveland, Ohio,
19	this 3rd day of August, 1999.
20	
2 1	- or store Soughell
22	Constance Campbell, stenographic Reporter,
23	Notary Public/State of Ohio.
24	Commission expiration: January 14, 2003.
25	

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